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String handling meets Roman codes as we unravel the Caesar Cipher.

Joysticks

Ray Threadgould tells how to give your Electron a bit of stick.

Star Fighter

Fly against the aliens with Roland Waddilove's 3D program.

Noise and Music

The second episode in the saga of taming the Electron's sound channels.



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Hardware Review

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Software Surgery

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MINI Office, the £5.95 software package, is now being used to help the handicapped.

The package, which runs on the Electron and BBC Micros, offers four business programs, including a word processor. And it is this program that is proving a hit with partially-sighted users.

As well as being easy to learn, it offers the option of giant on-screen letters. And the printout can also be in extra-large type, if desired.

Now the Londonbased Foundation for Communication for the Disabled is working with Database on a new version for the visually handicapped.

The modified program will give the printer a double-strike action to make the printed characters extra black.

Electron disc driveand it's official

OFFICIAL disc drives come to the Electron with the mid-November launch of the Plus 3, the latest Acorn expansion module.

Packaged in a compact, L-shaped box the same colour as the Electron, the Plus 3 fits between the micro and the Plus 1 expansion, the disc drive being flush with the keyboard.

The unit consists of the Acorn DFS - the software that allows the Electron to talk to a disc drive - and a 3.5 inch, 320k single-sided disc drive allowing quick and retrieval of programs and data.

The DFS chip will be

the double density 8272 floppy disc controller, the same as that to be used on the new Acorn Business Computer.

Some 10,000 Plus 3s will be produced by Christmas and will be sold at a yet to be announced "competitive" price.

Anticipation

Advance news of the Plus 3 means that Acorn has broken its policy of not announcing new products until they are generally available. This is to allow software houses to produce software in anticipation of the launch.

In the race to get the disc unit to the market, the Plus 1 has not been forgotren. October saw the release of three more cartridge ROMs for the unit, two of which are utility programs transferred from the BBC Micro.

View will give the Electron its first ROMbased word processor. Similarly Viewsheet will be the first spreadsheet on a chip for the Electron

Combined with the ROM based software, the increased speed, storage capacity and reliability given by the disc drive moves the Electron into the realm of serious applications in both home and business.

The third cartridge is the long a waited RS423, a serial communications port. This will allow the Electron to communicate with other micros and even maintanes via a modem.

The third official expansion module for the Electron will be the seemingly illogically named Plus 2.

Available in the new year, this will be the Econet interface which will allow the Electron to network or work in tandem with other Electrons.

Communications on show

IT's no longer true to say that using a computer makes you anti-social and puts you out of touch with other members of the human race.

Communications is the name of the game – and also the theme of the Electron and BBC Micro User Show at Alexandra Palace from October 25-28.

The October release

of the RS423 communications cartridge for the PLUS 1 means that the show will have even more to offer Electron users.

On a more basic level, Pace Electronics show how a schoolteacher can maintain control of a classroom full of pupils by means of an E-net networking system.

Micronet, the electronic magazine for the micro owner, is also being demonstrated in depth.

A portion of Prestel specifically aimed at the home micro user. Micronethas introduced more people to communications in the UK than any other system.

The use of the telephone to aid communication between computer owners is also covered at the show. demonstrating how exchange of data files between individual users avoids the tedium of hours of keyboard bashing.

Among many leading firms displaying their products are Acorn, Torch, Watford Electronics, Viglen, Alpha Disk, British Micro, M.T. Direct, Solidisk Technology and BBC Publications.

BUYERS MORE CHOOSEY

A CLAIM that the software industry is facing a dramatic shake out has come from David Johnson-Davies, managing director of Acornsoft.

"The market has radically changed in the last 12 months - the consumer is much more discerning now", he insists.



BUYERS of Comsoft's latest game, SAS Commander, are being given the chance to profit from their skill.

More than 100 prizes, including a top award of £50 plus £20 of software, will be given to players recording the highest scores.

SAS Commander, for the Electron and BBC Micro, costs £4.95 and allows players to kill terrorists, rescue hostages and storm bulldings.

The game includes high score tables demonstration screens. practice mode and training course.

In order to differentiate between genuine scores and false claims, each score generates a coded key that Comsoft says cannot be broken.

An entry form is included with each cassette and the closing date for entries is March 31, 1985.



ENGLISH Software has released its first title for the Electron and BBC Micro.

Spaceman Sid. available on cassette for £7.95, features scrolling screens, sliding bridges. meteor storms, 100 per cent machine code action, five different play sectors and three progressive skill levels.

The company says it will also be releasing its Jet Boot Jack game for the Electron and BBC Micro in the near future.

CURRYS BOOSTS ELECTRON

CURRYS, the High Street electrical giant, aims to grab 10 per cent of the £564 million home computer market by Christmas.

The company has selected the Electron as one of just six machines to be sold in most of its 530 stores in order to increase its share from around the current two per cent.

It will be supporting the launch with a

£500,000 advertising campaign.

The other machines to be mass marketed alongside the Electron are the BBC Micro, the 48k Spectrum, Commodore C16 and CBM

64, and Toshiba's MSX. the HX-10.

Why the Electron? "It is a very nice machine and we believe that it will eventually become a big seller", said a Currys spokesman.



Fred Harris gets to grips with an Electron

Fairy tale world on the screen

A NEW adventure game from Electron User allows young children to explore a fairy tale world peopled by familiar story book characters and sprinkled with magic.

The Magic Sword cassette comes with a 48 page full colour book that recounts all the events leading up to the start of the adventure.

There's a handsome prince, a beautiful princess, a castle with secret passages and mysterious dungeons dense forests, deep caves - and a crooked house complete with wicked witch.

Colourful animated

graphics and lots of exciting sound effects encourage the child to travel through the countryside and explore the castle to find the princess and release her from the witch's clutches.

The text is in doubleheight characters and there is a compass on

screen throughout the game showing, in flashing mode, directions in which moves are permitted - a useful aid for those new to adventure games.

The complete package - cassette and storybook - is available from Database Publications, price £8.95.

THE Electron has become a low-cost business machine with the aid of a £29.95 add-on. according to Broadway Electronics.

The firm is the

latest to produce a sideways ROM card.

It plugs into the Electron's extension port without modification, enabling software to be called up instantly.

ELECTRON TV SHOW RETURNS IN 1985

IF you missed Yorkshire TV's Electron-based computing show, "Me and My Micro" earlier this year, take heart there will be another chance to see it in the new year, on Channel 4.

The five-part series, presented by Fred Harris - and his Electron - will be screened Monday evenings in January and February 1985.

Exact timings are not finalised, but a 5.30pm slot starting January 7 seems likely.

Advantage

Viewers who don't yet have an Electron can take advantage of a special starter pack from Acorn.

In addition to an Electron, user guide and programming manual, the pack contains a cassette recorder, a "Me and My Micro" book and a software cassette which ties in with the programme.

The pack costs £245. Also coming up on Channel 4 is a new micro show, planned to run from mid-February to the end of March next

Jokily entitled "4 Computer Buffs", the seven-part series will feature the team from Thames TV's "Database" programme.



Acornsoft launches new cult adventure

ACORNSOFT has launched a pre-Christmas blitz on Electron users with 20 new titles backed by a £150,000 promotional campaign.

And it is predicting it will enjoy a bumper Christmas with anticipated sales of around £2.5 million - more than double those for the same period last year.

It bases this forecast on the fact that its recent releases will boost its total of programs available for the Electron and BBC Micro to 120.

The company's latest offerings include four for the growing home education market which, according to Acornsoft, "take computer learning back to first principles".

Cocktails

The software publisher has also zeroed in on the non-hobbylst adult user, with home interest subjects ranging from how to make cocktails to a "sympathetic" weight-watchers program.

However Acornsoft

expects its real Christmas sales bonanza to come from Elite, which it is touting as the new cult game for the festive season.

This integrates 3D spaceflight simulation within a non-stop galactic adventure.

It places Electron and BBC Micro users in command of a Cobra space ship on what the promotional material describes as: "A fantastic voyage of discovery and adventure, representing the ultimate test of a human's flying, combat, navigational and entrepreneurial skills".

Intergalactic trading



Acornsoft's Elite . . . 3D space flight simulation in a galactic adventure

between countless planets exposes players to danger from pirates and, should profitable contraband be carried. from police ships as well.

Coveted

The profits gained, however, buy better defences, which help the traders survive another day and, eventually, win the coveted rank of Flite

Acornsoft believes Elite represents the state of the art in home computer entertainment taxing a player's skills both of coordination and intellect.

Elite took two years to develop in association with Cambridge undergraduates Ian Bell and David Braben.

Priced at £12.95, the package includes a 64 page space traders flight training manual, a space ship identification chart. command reference card and function key strip, and to set the scene, a science fiction novella based on the game entitled The Dark Wheel.

THE "A" level art students of Sandbach School in Cheshire got some unexpected design experience recently when they produced a set of murals for Acorn's new Altrincham, Manchester offices.

The idea came from John Taylor, a director of 3SL, Acorn's West North tributor.

The deal was that the lads would design and build the murals from materials paid for by Acorn. In return, they would get a BBC Micro for their school - plus a real project to get their teeth into.

In the event, Acorn was so pleased with the result that they also gave each boy an Electron as a personal mementa.

GOOD DEAL

UNDER 18s saving up to buy an Electron will find it a cheaper proposition if they have an account at the Luton branch of the Leeds Permanent Building Society.

If they successfully play one of three special building society games on micros installed at the branch youngsters up to 18 receive an automatic £1 voucher printout with which to open a savings account.

And distributors Broadway Electronics will knock £5 off the price of an Electron and give free software If the purchase is made with a Leeds cheque.

Broadway is one of four Acorn dealers taking part in the pilot scheme in East Anglia.

NIGEL PETERS deciphers another programming problem . . .

HAIL CAESAR JCKN ECGUCT

THIS month we'll be using the Electron to help unravel one of the best-known ciphers in the world – the Caesar cipher. This method of writing secret messages got its name from its inventor, Julius Caesar.

It works by displacing each letter of the message a certain number of letters along the alphabet. If that sounds complicated, don't worry too much

- it isn't,

All it means is that if I wanted to encode the word ELECTRON I would first decide on what the shift would be. Suppose I wanted it to be two letters. Then the encoded word would be GNGEVTOP.

This is because G is two letters along the alphabet from E. N is two letters along from L. and so on

We could have made the shift four letters long (in which case ELECTRON is IPIGXVSR) or any other number up to 25.

The simple way to write a message in Caesar cipher is to decide on the displacement and write out two alphabets, as in Figure I.

Here the displacement is two letters. The top line, or plain, is the normal alphabet. The bottom line, or cipher, is the alphabet displaced by two letters.

Notice that when you get past Z the next letters are A and B — the alphabet wraps

Now it's easy to write your message. Just look up its letters in the top row and note down the corresponding letters from the cipher. USER in plain would become WUGT in cipher.

Of course you could have any of 25 cipher alphabets in a Caesar cipher, because the displacement can be anything up to 25 letters.

If the displacement is 26

letters you get back to the normal alphabet again - not so clever when you're trying to send a secret message.

Figure II, a sort of super Figure I, shows the plain alphabet on the top row with the 25 passible cipher alphabets below it. You can use it to encode your cryptic messages in Caesar cipher with the displacement of your choice.

If you want the micro version of Figure II then Program I will produce it for you.

But what, you may ask, has this to do with the Electron? Well, try decoding a Caesar clipher message such as LTTAA SDCT. It's not easy if you don't know what the displacement is.

You can spend ages searching through the table in Figure II trying out displacement after displacement until the message makes some kind of sense.

Have a go at figuring out LTAA SDCT using the table. It's not easy, is it?

Well Program II, which comes under the magnifying glass this month, makes life easier. It uses exactly the same method as above.

Let's see how it works, line by line.

The first two lines are just REM statements, telling what the program is and who wrote it. I'll do anything to see my name in print!

Line 30 is a *FX command which ensures that the keyboard is in Caps Lock. The reason for this is that the program is easier to follow than if it allowed for lower case letters as well.

The INPUT statement of line 40 asks for a sample of the coded message to be entered and this is stored in the string variable word\$.

The next line's LEN just finds the number of characters in word\$ and stores the result in the numeric variable length.

Having taken a sample of the enciphered message and measured the length of the sample, the program now enters a set of two nested loops.

The effect of these is to display the sample of the cryptic message in each of the 25 alternative alphabets available. It prints out each of these alternatives with the number of letters that it is offset.

If a sample actually makes some sort of sense you press Return and get the chance to have the Electron decode the whole message. Otherwise pressing any other key allows the micro to continue printing out the alternative versions of the sample until eventually one makes sense.

Lines 60 and 170 form a FOR . . . NEXT loop with the control variable offset. This ranges in value from 1 to 26, obviously once for every letter of the alphabet.

Each time round this outer

10 LET strings="ABCDEF6H IJKLNNOPQRSTUVWXYZ*

20 PRINT string\$
30 FOR loop=1 70 25
40 string\$=RIGHT\$(string

\$,25)+LEFT\$(string\$,1)
50 PRINTstring\$

60 NEXT loop

Program I

loop line 70 sets up a string variable clear\$ and sets it to the null, or empty, string. This string is used in the inner FOR ... NEXT loop formed by lines 80 and 130.

The inner loop takes the sample word apart, letter by letter, and rewrites it in a new alphabet with the letters offset by the variable offset.

Since offset is the control variable of the outer loop and varies from 1 to 26, this means that the inner loop rewrites the sample word with each of the 26 available alphabets.

If the person who coded the message has done the job properly, then one of them

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVNYY7 BCDEFGHIJKEMNOPORSTUVNIYZA CDEFSHIJKL KNOPPRSTHVMYY7AR DEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVNXYZABC **EFGHIJKLHNDPORSTUVWYYZABCD FGHIJKLWNOPORSTUVWYYZABCDE** GHIJKLHNOPORSTUVWXYZABCDEF HIJKLMNOPORSTUVWXYZABCDEF6 IJKL#NOPORSTUVWXYZABCDEF6H JKLHNOP@RSTUVWXYZABCDEFGHI KLMNOPORSTUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJ LMNOPORSTUVNXYZABCDEFGHIJK MNOPORSTUVMXYZABCDEFGH1JKL NOPORSTUVNXYZABCDEFSHIJKI M OPORSTUVNXYZABCDEF6H1JKLMN PRRSTUVWXYZABCDEF6HIJKLMNO **QRSTUVWIYZABCDEF6HIJXI MNOP** RSTUVNXYZABCDEF6HIJKLMNOPO STUVWXYZABCDEF8H1JKLMNOPQR TUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJKI MNOPORS UVWXYZABCDEF6HIJKLMNOPDRST VWXYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTU WXYZA9CDEFBHIJKLMNOPGRSTIN YYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVM YZABCDEFSHIJKLHNOPORSTUVWY ZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVWXY

Figure II. Cipher table

Cipher:CDEFGHIJKLMNOPGRSTUVWXYZAB
Figure I: Offset alphabet

Plain: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPGRSTUVWXYZ



must make sense!

This inner loop has the control variable slice which varies from 1 to the value of length. We met length in line 50 It holds the number of characters in the sample word. This means that the loop cycles once for each letter in Bhrown

Line 90 looks complicated but isn't all that hard when you take it bit by bit.

The function MIDS takes one letter from the string word\$. Which letter it takes depends on the value of slice which in turn depends on the stage the loop has reached.

Since slice varies from 1 to the length of word\$ this means that every letter of the sample word is selected in

When MIDS selects a letter the ASC function in front of it gives the Ascii value of that letter. The Ascii value is just a number that represents a letter. A is 65, B is 66, and so on until Z is 90.

So, as the loop cycles, each letter of the sample is turned into a number which represents it.

Line 90 doesn't stop there. however. It also adds the value of offset to the Ascii code for that letter and stores the result in the variable lettercode.

Depending on how many times the outer loop has cycled. offset will vary between 1 and 26 in value.

What this means is that when the inner loop has finished, the Ascii code for each letter of the sample has been increased by the same

All that is needed to see the new word produced from the sample is to take each of these codes in turn and find out what letter they stand for.

This is what line 110 has been doing. CHRS produces the letter for that particular value of lettercode and stores It in the string letterS.

Each time round the inner loop letter\$ is added to clear\$. When the loop stops, clear\$ holds all the letters of the original sample, offset letters along the alphabet.

But what, you might be wondering, does line 100 do? The answer is that it allows for the wrap around in the alphabet that we saw earlier.

Suppose the letter we were working on was Z and the offset was to be three letters. Well, you and I would have the sense to realise that we go back to A and start again. The required letter would be C.

If we didn't have line 100. however, the Electron would take the Ascii code for Z. which is 90 and add the offset to it. The answer would be 93 and line 110 would try to find out what 93 represents.

If you try:

PRINT CHR\$ (93)

on your Electron, you'll see that it is a square bracket, not the letter C that it should be.

Line 100 allows for this by taking away 26 from the value of lettercode if it's over 90. In this case, the result of subtracting 26 from 93 is 67. which is the Ascii code for C.

Once the inner loop is finished the Electron goes onto line 140 which displays the new version of the sample word and the offset that produced it.

The next line causes the program to halt until you press a key. This allows you to look at clear\$ to see whether it makes any kind of sense.

When you press a key that letter is placed in the string wait\$ The next line examines wait\$ and if you pressed the Return key - which you do when clear\$ makes some kind of sense - it takes you off to PROCmessage.

If you didn't press Return the Electron goes round the outer loop again, trying another value of offset.

Eventually when offset has got to 26, clear\$ will be the same as the coded sample and the program will go on to line 180 and end.

In this case either you haven't recognised the sample word or the person who created the ciphered text got it wrong.

And that's about it for this month, PROCmessage, which is defined in lines 190 to 310. comes into operation when you have recognised the word and pressed Return.

It asks you to type in the whole message, takes the value of offset and prints out the deciphered text. As it's almost the same as the first part of the program I've left it for you to try and figure out.

The only real difference is line 250 which just allows for the fact that the coded message might have spaces (Ascii code 32) in it. After all, there's no point in adding the offset to a space is there?

When you've figured it out, you might also be able to see that you could use PROCmessage to translate your secret messages into Caesar WPKT UJC

10 REM CAESAR CIPHER 20 REM NIBEL PETERS

30 *F1202.32

40 INPUT 'Enter test wor d",word\$

50 length=LEN(word\$) 60 FOR offset=1 TO 26

70 clear\$=""

80 FDR slice=1 TO length

90 lettercode=ASC(MID\$(w ord\$.slice.1))+offset

100 IF lettercode)90 THEN lettercode=lettercode-26

110 letter\$=CHR\$(letterco

120 clear \$= clear \$+letter \$ 130 NEXT slice 140 PRINT clears, offset

150 waits=GET\$ 160 IF waits=CHR\$(13) THE

N PROCEESSage (offset): END 170 NEXT offset

TRO END 190 DEF PROCoessageloffse t) 200 INPUT "Cipher" cipher 210 length=LEN(cipher\$) 220 message\$="" 230 FOR slice=1 TO length

240 lettercode=ASC(MID\$(c

ipher\$, slice, 1)) 250 IF lettercode()32 THE N lettercode=lettercode+off

260 IF lettercode>90 THEN lettercode=lettercode-26 270 letter \$= CHR\$ (letterco

de) 280 message\$=message\$+let ters

290 NEXT slice 300 PRINT messages 310 ENDPROC

Program II

The joy of giving interfaces some stick

ALMOST as soon as the Electron was available a host of add-ons were announced from several suppliers. The most prolific was a joystick interface in some form or another.

The reason why such a thriving industry has grown up around the Electron is because — unlike its big brother the BBC Micro — the Electron has no interfaces built in when it is bought.

So what is an interface? What's the difference batween analogue and switched joysticks? Why do you need software to allow the use of an interface with games?

To answer these questions it is necessary to look at basic micro hardware and the Electron's operating system.

Every byte of memory in a computer — both RAM and ROM—has an address. For the 6502 processor in the Electron this can range between 0

and 65535, or the more familiar 64k.

Every computer has its memory laid out in a different way. The Electron's is shown in Figure I.

It is possible in the Electron to read and write to RAM directly from Basic with instructions, such as in Figure II,

This instruction will write the value 45 to address FEO7. Do this on your own Electron and see the result.

The reason why such a dramatic effect occurs is because you are not actually writing to memory but directly to the Electron's ULA chip. So not only can we read and write to RAM, but we can also read and write to other devices which to the computer look just like memory.

This technique is called memory mapped input/output addressing, or memory mapped IO for short.

In the memory map of the Electron you will see that there are a lot of locations not used from FCOO to FDFF. These amount to 512 addresses.

Wouldn't it be useful if we could somehow get hold of some of these addresses and attach our own devices to them – such as a joystick!

If we are going to go to the trouble of building a joystick interface, what type shall it be?

There are two types – analogue and switched – and both require different interfaces.

An analogue joystick produces two signals, each of which changes in value as the stick is moved up and down and from left to right. This type is expensive to manufacture and costs around £20 to buy.

Analogue to digital converters, which are also expensive, are required to interface them to the Electron.

Switched joysticks on the other hand have five switches which close when the stick is moved in any direction or the fire button is pressed.

They cost from £7.50, but deluxe models are available for more than twice that.

Like everything, the more expensive models tend to be better quality and more reliable. But some of the cheaper models like Quickshot. If are very popular because of the trigger action fire button and a rapid fire mode for those players with an aching trigger finger.

The vast majority of home computer manufacturers have adopted switched joysticks as standard. There is no doubt that games players prefer the positive feel of them to the rather sloppy analogue type.

It is interesting to note that analogue joysticks are really a hangover from the very early arcade and video garnes which used paddles. Remember those first tennis games?

Fortunately, while the Electron hasn't got joystick and other interfaces built in, it does have an expansion bus poking out at the rear of the case.

On this bus are all the address and data lines straight from the 6502 processor. So it is possible to fill in those holes in the Electron's memory map with other devices. In other words—interfaces. A switched

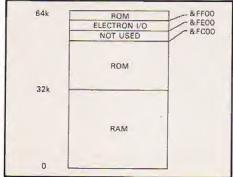


Figure 1: Electron memory map

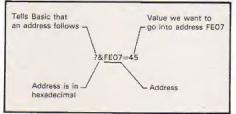


Figure II: Pokeing an address



If the Joystick has been moved the routine returns information to the calling program as if the corresponding key has been pressed.

This technique allows you to use switched loysticks on more than 99 per cent of the games on the market including Acornsoft. That's a statistic which no doubt causes some embarrassment to the designers of the Acorn Plus 1.

In due course, most games houses will release games which will have been written to read the loystick interface directly and this will remove the need to use any additional software.

Incidentally, listings of games published in Electron User can also be modified to work directly with a loystick interface.

So now you know some of the finer points of joystick interfaces why not have a go and modify them?

One thing I'm certain of you'll certainly enjoy getting them working, and you'll save punishing that hard worked Return key!

If we arrange for the address decode circuit to enable the buffer chip when. say, address FCCO as in the First Byte interface, is used, then we can read in the status of the loystick switches.

This can be done from Basic like this:

JOYSTAT=?&FCC0

The variable JOYSTAT will normally be zero when the stick is in its centre position and the fire button is not pressed, but will change when the stick is moved or the fire button is pressed.

So with a simple instruction we can read in all the joystick information.

This is a very quick method of getting a player's response when playing a fast action game. Using an analogue joystick would necessitate an A/D converter which would slow up the Electron.

This is an important point for ardent games players who will already be aware of the decreased speed of the Electron compared with the BBC machine.

So we can now plug in a joystick interface to the Electron and in turn plug a switched joystick into that. But how do we make games look at the joystick and not at the keyboard?

When a games writer wants to test if a key is pressed there is a routine available in the Electron's operating system which can be used.

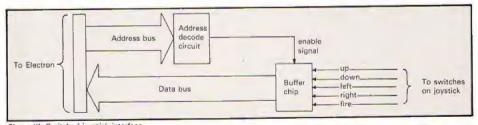
If this routine is intercepted before it looks at the keyboard and control is passed to a machine code program, the pystick can be looked at and any movements passed back to the game which still thinks that a key has been pressed.

Unfortunately, there are two ways of looking for a key press. It is also possible to trick the Electron into thinking it has an analogue joystick connected when actually it has a good old faithful switched lovstick.

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FIRST BY

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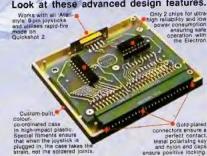
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PROCEDURES

PROCecreen **PROCinstructions**

Draws the screen - delete PROCcolour-off to see it being done. Uses text windows to display the title

and instructions. **PROCinitialise**

Sets up the arrays, sets the high scores and names, defines the characters and the envelopes used.

PROCa New ship. PROCH PROCC

Enemy ship fires back. Move ground forward. PROCd Move enemy ship. PROCe Fire laser.

VARIABLES

Whether it is day or not. Power left. The enemy ship.

How many ships hit on screen 1. Score. Which ground colour is black.

The ship is exclusive-ored

DOOM RUN by Allan Morriss published in July edition of The Micro User inspired me to write this same.

I couldn't fully understand Doom Run - there were about 70 variables - but I managed to grasp the basic principles used in creating the 3-D effect which allowed me to create my own 3-D space game. Starfighter.

The ground appears to move below the ship although nothing actually moves at all.

It is made up of three colours, two are set to green and one to black. By changing the one set to black the ground appears to move.

By selecting the colours carefully, the enemy ship appears to pass under and over certain objects rather like a sprite.

to pass under it. A game like Starfighter must be made to run as fast as possible, so the procedure names have been kept short

resulting colour is either the

same as the ship - making it

appear to pass over the object

or the same as the

background - making it appear

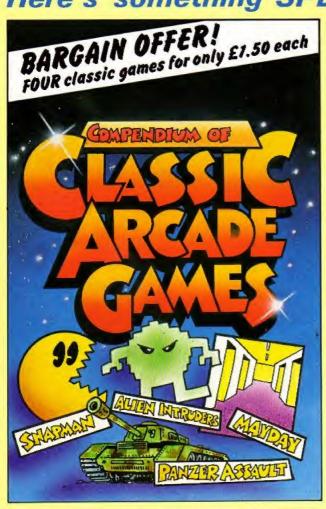
and the resident integer variables have been used. Unfortunately this makes the program difficult to follow.

When typing in the program, some lines will be apparently too long to fit in. All the abreviations for the Basic key words must be used.

If you still have trouble, use two lines - it will not make any difference to the program.

> Full listing starts on Page 53

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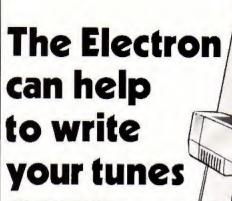
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LAST month we talked about how to use the SOUND command to tell the Electron to make a noise.

We saw how entering:

SDUND 1,-15,30,20

or:

SOUND 1,-15,90,40

could produce noises from the micro. The basic structure of the command was seen to be:

and, for the time being, we kept channel as 1 and loudness as -15, concentrating on the pitch and duration parameters. These had ranges between 0 and 255 and controlled the highness or lowness and the length of the note.

We also saw that in the West at least our ears have learnt to expect that the pitch changes in regular steps. The most fundamental of these steps is the semitone.

Run Program I and you'll hear a series of notes, each being higher than the next by a regular amount. This amount is a semitone and consists of an increase of four in the pitch parameter.

10 REM PROGRAM I 20 REM SENITONES 30 FOR rise=0 TO 44 STEP 4 40 SOUND 1,-15,52+rise,5 50 NEXT rise 60 SOUND 1,-15,100,10

Program I

It's not all that interesting to listen to, is it? The next basic Part II of NIGEL PETERS' new series on making the most of the Electron's sound channels

building block of Western music is the tone.

Program II produces a rising series of notes, each one a tone apart.

10 REM PROGRAM II

20 REM TONES

30 FDR rise=0 TD 40 STEP 40 SOUND 1,-15,52+rise,5 50 NEXT rise 40 SOUND 1,-15,100,10

Program II

Again, It's not very interesting is it? However, there are two things to notice.

The first is that both the programs have used a FOR... NEXT loop which cycles around a single SOUND command. Each time round the loop control variable, rise, is

increased by four or eight.

Since this is added to the pitch parameter each time round, the note rises in steps

Moise music

10 REM PROBRAM III
20 REM A SCALE
30 SQUND 1,-15,52,5
40 SQUND 1,-15,60,5
50 SQUND 1,-15,68,5
60 SQUND 1,-15,72,5
70 SQUND 1,-15,80,5
80 SQUND 1,-15,88,5
90 SQUND 1,-15,96,5
100 SQUND 1,-15,100,10

Program III

of a semitone or a tone.

The second thing to notice is that using FOR ... NEXT loops ensures a regular increase in pitch for each successive note. But it's hardly

exciting and sounds somehow incomplete.

Run Program III and I think you'll agree it sounds much more satisfying.

These eight notes form a scale, a musically pleasing set of sounds that somehow seem grouped together. You'll notice that if you play the first note:

SOUND 1,-15,52,5 and then the last note:

SOUND 1.-15.100.10

they seem to be the same note, but one is higher than the other. The difference is known

SOUND 1.-15.148.10

as an octave.

gives the same note, another octave higher.

If you notice the differences in the pitch parameters of each of the SOUND commands in Program III you'll see that the differences are 8, 8, 4, 8, 8, 8, 4. This ordered sequence of increases in pitch produces a

The trouble is that we can't

easily use a FOR... NEXT loop to play the notes as the STEP would have to keep varying. And the way Program III does it, using one SOUND after another, is rather inelegant to say the least.

Program IV shows a much better way of playing a scale.

10 REM PROGRAM IV
20 REM A BETTER SCALE
30 FOR note=1 TD 7
40 READ pitch
50 SOUND 1.-15.pitch,5
60 MEXT note
70 SOUND 1.-15,100,10
80 DATA 52,60,68,72,80.8
8,96

Program IV

Here we're back to the good old FOR ... NEXT loop again, cycling round a solitary SOUND statement.

This is achieved by putting all the pitch parameters we want in the DATA statement of line 80 and READing them off one after another in line 40.

As you can see, it's a much more elegant way of doing things. Also it's very easy to change the DATA statements so you can have any scale you like.

Just put in the numbers you want and the program does the rest. With Program III we'd have had to change it line by line.

Program V shows another way of doing this. PROCpickscale allows you to choose which scale you want, while PROCplayscale does it for you.

PROCplayscale is very similar to Program IV, but we don't have to change the DATA for new scales.

This is because the DATA line doesn't contain the actual pitches of the notes to be played. It contains the numbers that have to be added to the first pitch to get the required note.

This is the offset. Each time round the loop in PROCplayscale, line 140 READs the DATA line to find the required offset.

Line 150 then adds this to the basenate picked in PROCpickscale and plays it. The result is the scale of your choice.

This technique of using an offset around a base note comes in very useful when you're writing your own tunes. You can write the program and

10 REM PROGRAM V 20 REM MORE SCALES 30 REPEAT 40 PROCoickscale 50 RESTORE 60 PROColayscale 70 UNTIL FALSE 80 FND 90 DEF PROCoickscale 100 INPUT" "What number s hall the scale start at", ba senote 110 ENDPROC 120 DEF PROCplayscale 130 REPEAT 140 READ offset 150 SOUND 1,-15, basenote toffset. 5

Program V

180 ENDPROC

44.48

all you have to do if you want to change the tune is adjust the DATA statements.

160 UNTIL offset=48

170 DATA 0,8,16,20,28,36,

the DATA statements.

However, let's leave that for a minute and have a look at how to get the Electron to play tunes. So far all we've done is play notes which have increased in pitch by fixed amounts.

Each note (except the final one) lasted for the same amount of time and, frankly,

10 REM PROGRAM VIII

50 UNTIL counter=20

80 VDH 23.1.0:0:0:0:0:

90 DIM pitch (20), duratio

140 PRINT ""SPC(6) "PRESS

150 PRINT ""SPC(6)"1) PL

160 PRINT ""SPC(6)"2) AD

170 PRINT ""SPC(6)"3) DI

70 DEF PROCinit

100 counter=0

120 DEF PROCeenu

THE KEY FOR CHOICE"

110 ENDPROC

130 CLS

AY TUNE"

D NEW NOTE"

SPLAY NOTES"

180 wait=GET

20 PROCinit

40 PROCeenu

30 REPEAT

50 END

n (20)

10 REM PROGRAM VI 20 SOUND 1,-15,100,10 30 SOUND 1,-15,108,10

40 SDUND 1,-15,92,10 50 SDUND 1,-15,44,10 60 SDUND 1,-15,72,20

Program VI

the whole effect was boring.

If we want to play an interesting tune we have to vary both *pitch* and *duration*. Program VI does this to produce some very simple computer music.

It's just a string of SOUND commands, one after the

> 10 REM PROGRAM VII 20 REPEAT

30 READ pitch,duration 40 SOUND 1,-15,pitch,dur ation

50 UNTIL duration=0 60 DATA 100,10,108,10,92 ,10,44,10,72,20,0,0

Program VII

other, but it works.

A better way of doing it is shown in Program VII which puts the values of both pitch and duration in a DATA line.

This plays the same tune as before, but notice that it needn't always be the same one.

You could figure out your own tune, working out its pitch and duration parameters and replace line 60 with your own values.

In fact Program VII is a Universal Tune Playing Program.

The trouble is that you have to figure out what goes into the DATA statements. Happily this isn't all that hard —you just mess around with the pitch parameters going up and down in steps of four and eight land occasionally two).

A little practice and you'll soon get it right.

However, since you're trying to write tunes for your Electron, why not get the Electron to help you? Program VIII does the trick.

All you have to do is to enter the pitch and duration that you want for the beginning of your tune and after it play it by ear.

The Electron allows you to try out the note you want and, if it's right, add it to the tune.

When you're satisfied, just press the 3 key and you'll find the pitch and duration parameters of your tune displayed in order.

As it's written, there's only room for 20 notes, but you can increase this by changing the DIM statements. When you've written the tune, Program VII will play it for you.

And that's it for this month. I'll leave you to play around writing tunes on your Electron. If you come up with something nice, do send it in.

```
190 IF wait=49 THEN PROCP
lavtune: ENDPROC
  200 IF wait=50 THEN PROCa
ddnote: ENDPROC
  210 IF wait=51 THEN PROCE
isplay: END
  220 PROCmenu
  230 ENDPROC
  240 DEF PROCaddnote
  250 CLS
  260 counter=counter+1
  270 REPEAT
  280 INPUT ""*Enter the p
itch of the next note. " pi
  290 mitch(counter)=mitch
  300 INPUT ""Enter the d
uration of the next note. "
 duration
  310 duration(counter)=dur
ation
  320 PROColaytune
  330 PRINT ""Press the Y
```

```
key if you want the last"
"note in the tune."
  340 waits=GETs
  350 UNTIL waits="Y" OR wa
115="v"
  340 ENDPROC
  370 DEF PROColaytune
  380 FOR note=1 TO counter
  390 SOUND 1,-15,pitch(not
e).duration(note)
  400 NEIT note
  410 ENDPROC
  420 DEF PROCdisplay
  430 CLS
  440 PROColavtune
  450 PRINT" SPC(6) "PITCH
* SPC(A) "DURATION"
  460 FOR note=1 TO counter
  470 PRINTTAB(8); pitch(not
```

e) TAR(18): duration (note)

480 NEXT note

490 ENDPROC

You can work wonders with **DIM** statements

LAST month we finished. for the time being, our exploration of FOR ... NEXT loops.

Now we'll be taking another look at variables and seeing how we can group together a lot of similar information under a kind of collective variable name.

For the moment let's have a look at a fairly trivial program. As you can see, Program I just INPUTs three numbers and assigns them to variable names:

- 10 REM PROGRAM I
- 20 INPUT "First number",
- firstnumber 30 INPUT "Second number"
- secondnumber

40 INPUT "Third number". thirdnumber

It's hardly going to amaze the micro world, especially since it doesn't actually do anything with the variables it has given values to.

The point to notice is that the variables have meaningful

The first number input is assigned to the numeric variable firstnumber, the second to the variable secondnumber. and I leave it to you to figure out the name of the final variable.

These meaningful variable

names are extremely useful and the fact that Electron Basic allows you to use long variable names is a big plus in its favour. It makes figuring out how programs work a lot

If Program I had been a vast 10,000 line epic, then all the way through we'd know that firstnumber was the first number we'd entered and so

These meaningful variable names help us keep track of the order that we entered the figures. The trouble is that it doesn't mean anything to the

Take a look at Program II and you'll get some idea of what I'm talking about:

10 REM PROGRAM II 20 INPUT "First number", thirdnumber

30 INPUT "Second number" firstnumber

40 INPUT "Third number". secondnumber

Here the first number entered is assigned to the variable thirdnumber, the second to firstnumber and the third to secondnumber.

To you and me it seems stupid - there's no rhyme, reason or order to it all. The Electron, however, doesn't give a hoot and carries on regardless.

You may now be getting

10 REM PROGRAM III

20 INPUT "First number". firstnumber

30 INPUT "Second number" , secondnumber

40 INPUT "Third number",

thirdnumber 50 PRINT "First number",

firstnumber. 60 PRINT "Second number"

. secondnumber

70 PRINT "Third number". thirdnumber

some inkling of what I'm talking about. In the first couple of programs we entered three numbers and, as is obvious from our use of the variable names, we wanted to keep some track of their order.

However while giving each an individual name that is meaningful to human beings helps us, to the Electron there's nothing to show that they're linked.

Let's take a look at Program III which still uses the meaningful but unlinked variable names.

The program takes in three numbers and prints them out in the same order they were inputted. The trouble is that it's a bit laborious and the variable names, while obviously showing us their relationship, mean nothing to the

Program IV is a step in the right direction. The variable names are all similar except for the number at the end.

The trouble is that the old problems still apply. While we could look at a listing and, at a glance, know the answer to the question: "Is the sum of the second and third numbers inputted equal to the first number?" on the Electron it's a lot harder. Try it.

What we want is a way of linking together a lot of

10 REM PROGRAM IV 20 INPUT "First number",

30 INPUT "Second number" .number 2

40 INPUT "Third number".

50 PRINT "First number". number 1

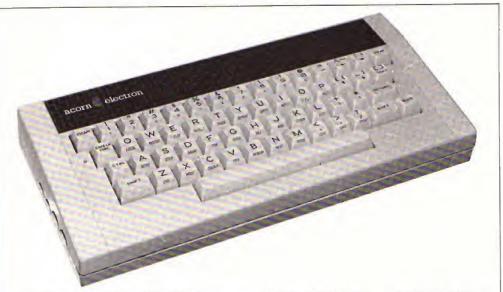
60 PRINT "Second number" .number 2

70 PRINT "Third number".

variables - that is, making a list of them and being able to call them up by a number which refers to their position in the list.

We need something similar to number1 and number2 so we could call up a value with numbers where x is the position in the list of variables we want.

Electron Basic makes all



this possible. Using a DIM command we can dimension an array of variables so that we can refer to each of the variables by a single number.

Don't worry too much about that last sentence - all it means is that we can put a lot of variables into an ordered list and then pick out whichever one we want by number.

Have a go at Program V which is the same as the previous one except that it now uses one of these mysterious arrays:

10 REM PROGRAM V

15 DIM number (3) 20 INPUT "First quaber",

number (1) 30 INPUT "Second number"

number (2) 40 INPUT "Third number".

50 PRINT "First number". number (1)

60 PRINT "Second number" .number (2)

70 PRINT "Third number", number (3)

Line 15 is the interloper. It introduces a new Basic key-

All DIM does is to dimension an array, which means it sets up a series of variables all with the same name except for a number in brackets at the end. It creates a numbered list of variable names.

In Propram V the DIM number (3) statement tells the Electron that you want it to put aside memory space for four variables.

The first variable is number(0), the second number(1), the third number(2) and the fourth number(3).

These all have the initial value of zero. If you don't believe me add:

17 PRINT number (0). number (1) . number (2) . number (3)

to Program V and you'll see their values printed out.

The DIM statement of line 15 has set up four numeric variables, all with a similar name but with different numbers in brackets at the end. If line 15 had been:

15 DIM number (5)

it would have set up six variables, all with the number stem followed by figures in brackets ranging from 0 to 5.

Notice that the DIM statement sets up the variables in the array - which are technically known as elements - in numerical order from 0 to whatever the figure in the

Notice also that there is always one more variable than the number in the brackets.

This is because the list or array of variables begins with O. Very often programmers ignore the O element of the array and start at 1 so as not to get confused.

This is wasteful of memory and so looked down on by the powers that be. I do it all the

While we're still with program V let's get acquainted now with what can go wrong with DIMs. Try leaving out line 15 altogether and you get the dreaded:

Array at line 20

message. This is telling you that you're trying to use an array you haven't set up. You'd be surprised how often this can happen.

Another goodie is when you try to make the array so big that your poor little Electron doesn't have room for it all.

If you change line 15 to:

15 DIN number (20000)

you'll get the awful:

Bad DIM at line 15

Basically you've bitten off more than you can chew with your DIM.

But enough of this, I'm sure that, like me, you'd never make such elementary errors.

Let's get back to the arrays of linked elements that we've created with DIM.

So the DIM statement has set up an array. Big deall What's so special about an array?

What's special is that the number in brackets after each of the variables - known as the subscript - is a cunning little beast.

It doesn't always have to be a number. It's quite possible to be a variable in itself.

If this sounds like one of those mirrors reflected in mirrors sort of things, don't worry, it's a lot easier than

Have a look at Program VI.

'The subscript is a cunning little beast'

From Page 21

in which all is revealed.

The DIM of line 20 sets up six elements of an array from number(0) to number(5).

So far so good. The important part of the program comes in the next four lines which consist of a FOR... NEXT loop. This has the control variable index, which ranges from 1 to 5, ensuring that the loop cycles five times.

If you don't know what line

```
10 REM PROGRAM VI
20 DIM number (5)
30 FOR index = 1 TO 5
40 PRINT "Input next num
er"
50 INPUT number (index)
60 NEXT index
70 FOR index = 5 TO 1 ST
```

80 PRINT "Number" number

40 is doing then you shouldn't be reading this article!

90 NEXT index

(index)

The real meat comes with the INPUT of line 50. Here the number you enter is placed in the variable number(index).

You'll notice that number (index) is a subscripted variable, like the ones we've met in the arrays set up with the DIM statement.

The difference is that instead of the brackets at the end of the variable containing a number such as 0.1 or 5 it contains a variable, index.

This isn't as odd as it may seem as, when you think about it, index is going to vary from 1 to 5 as the loop spins round.

The first time round the loop, index is 1 so number (index) becomes number(1).

(index) becomes number(1).

When index is 2, the value typed in is put in number(2).

As the loop cycles and index changes, so each number input is placed in a different element of the array dimensioned in line 20.

Try doing this using the method of Program V and you'll see what an improve-

'Arrays are very powerful programming tools'

ment in efficiency is brought about using an array combined with a FOR... NEXT loop.

The last three lines of the program form another FOR... NEXT loop with the loop control variable going downwards in steps of -1.

Line 80 prints out number (index) each time and as index is going down from 5 to 1 the numbers you entered are printed out in reverse order.

If you'd decided you only wanted every other number the STEP parameter of line 70 could be -2.

This would produce three numbers, in reverse order of entry. Don't just take my word for it — try it and see.

So setting up – dimensioning – arrays of linked variables (elements) and combining them with FOR... NEXT loops can give us a lot of power over how we can handle lists of numbers.

Program VII shows this in

Here we've actually used a

```
10 REM PROGRAM VII
20 INPUT "How many numbers", span
```

30 DIM number (span)

40 FOR index = 1 TO span 50 PRINT *Input next num

ber"

60 INPUT number(index)

70 NEXT index

80 INPUT 'Which of the l ist would you like', positi oninlist

90 PRINT 'The number is 'number(positioninlist) variable span to decide how many elements we want in the array. Line 30 dimensions it according to the value entered in response to line 20.

Lines 40 and 70 form a FOR ... NEXT loop which tells you to enter the numbers you want to put into the array. This is where you regret it if you've made span too large.

All of that should be fairly familiar to you by now. What happens next isn't.

Line 80 asks you to enter which element of the array you wish to be printed out. In other words, which entry in the list you want referred to by its position in the list.

When you have made your choice it puts the number you enter into the variable position-inlist.

Then line 90 prints out that element of the array. If positioninlist is 3, number (positioninlist) will print out the third number you entered.

If it is 10, then it will print out the number in the 10th position

As you can see, by using a varlable in the subscript of an array – the bit in brackets – you can pinpoint each element of the array at will. This, as you will find later, is a very useful technique.

Finally, you may be asking yourself whether we can have string arrays as well as the numeric arrays we've been using.

The answer is yes, as Program VIII shows:

Here we've used a string array name\$ and a numeric array mark. The FOR . . . NEXT loop gets us to enter the

```
10 REM PROGRAM VIII
20 DIM name$(3), mark(3)
```

30 FOR topofclass=1 TO 3

40 PRINT "Enter name of number ";topofclass

50 INPUT name#(topofclas

60 PRINT "Enter ";name\$! topofclass);"'s mark."

70 INPUT mark(topofclass

80 MEXT topofclass 90 IRPUT "Enter number of f position " position 100 PRINT name\$(position);" a ;" got ";mark(position);" a arks."

names of the top three children in a class and the marks they got.

Then all we have to do is to enter the child's position in class and the program will print out its name and mark.

I'll leave it for you to figure out how it works. It's not too different from the previous programs.

The point to note is that by having two arrays, one of names and the other of marks, we can refer to both with just one subscript.

If we had 10 parallel arrays like this we could still use the one subscript to get 10 pieces of information such as name, age, mark, sex and so on.

As you'll no doubt see, arrays are very powerful programming tools.

And there's lots more to them, as we'll find out next time.

ASK any micro user what extra facilities he desires and a printer is sure to be near the top of the list.

The lack of a printer interface on the Electron must have put a number of potential users off the machine.

The Mushroom printer/user port is one of several that have been produced to fill the gap and it also includes another useful device — a BBC-type 8 bit user port.

Unpacking reveals a rather neat unit with an edge connector at one end and the normal Electron expansion connector at the other.

Down the side are the printer and user port connections, these being exactly as those on the BBC Micro.

With the unit comes a four page instruction booklet and a tape containing the software necessary to run a printer.

The booklet tells you how to connect a printer in simple, easy to follow steps. The cable required is the same as that for a BBC Micro

The software driver tape will assemble machine-code at any address in memory that you desire. It is a good idea to make several versions at various addresses and save them for use with different programs.

The other side of the tape contains a separate program, allowing you to print graphics screens. This program is for the Epson MX80, but should work with Epson-compatible printers such as the Shinwa.

Incidentally, you may feel that having to load a separate program to make the printer work is something of a nuisance, but really the assembled code loads in a matter of seconds and the advantage to doing it this way, instead of having the program in ROM, is that it makes the unit compatible with other expansions.

The other half of the unit contains the user port — basically, a device which enables the micro to communicate with the real world.

In this unit you have eight lines which can be set individually for input or output, plus two lines for handshaking. This is a fancy term for a system which makes sure that the micro and the device attached to it only transfer

User portal to whole new worlds

information when they are both ready.

As far as it goes, the booklet is clear in giving you instructions to use this port. However, it really doesn't go far enough for my liking.

The chip used to create these ports is the 6522, known as a Versatile Interface Adapter (VIA), which is the same as that used by the BBC Micro. It is quite a complex device but, if you take the trouble to master it, is extremely useful.

Applications include a switched-joystick interface, analogue/digital port, temperature controllers and plot-

I appreciate that for Mushroom to include a treatise on its full use would have considerably increased the cost of producing the manual, but I do think that they could perhaps have pointed the user in the direction of a suitable reference.

I shall rectify this immediately by recommending a book that not only includes a detailed description of the 6522, but also gives you a number of applications to try—interfacing Projects for the BBC Micro by Bruce Smith (Addison-Wesley £6.95).

To use this book (or, indeed, any BBC application for the user port), all you have to remember is that the Mush-

room interface maps the user port one page lower in memory. That is, any references to memory at & FExx in the Beeb should be changed to &FDxx for the Electron.

To sum up, this is a very nice unit, well constructed, and assuming that you are prepared to do your own research on the VIA can be definitely recommended.

Please experiment with the user port -- it will open up whole new worlds.

Barry Pickies

Snappy ROM

I HAD the opportunity recently to try out Acorn's ROM filing system with a couple of games, Hopper and Snapper.

The Plus 1 can accommodate both cartridges at once, so I plugged them in to the sockets beneath the spring loaded flaps on top and switched on.

A rather strangled beep is heard instead of the usual longer note, and by the time I had sat down Snapper had loaded. This is far better than the usual three or four minutes loading time of the cassette

The actual games them-

selves are no different to the cassette versions, but are far more convenient on ROM cartridges.

Whenever Break is pressed, or the Electron switched on, the game on the cartridge nearest to you is loaded, taking about 10 seconds.

To load the program on the cartridge furthest away, you press Break, and while the loader is being transferred Esc can be pressed to abort the process.

The ROM filing system is still active. "CAT printing a list of all the files on both cartridges. The other game can then be loaded and run with CHAIN "name".

If you want to load a program on cassette, the cassette filing system must be selected with *TAPE and the program loaded in the normal manner.

The ROM filing system is great, and I can't wait to get my hands on a paged ROM such as Lisp, or Forth if it comes out.

My only criticism is that the cartridges cannot be left in all the time.

This is because whenever Break is pressed the software on the nearest carridge is loaded, which could overwrite an important program you were working on, and whenever you switch on to use the Electron for something a little more serious, the game loads immediately.

It's too hard to resist not having just one more go . . .

Roland Waddilove

IT'S A BOLT ON GOODY

IF you've ever envied Beeb users their sideways ROM facility, help is at hand in the form of this neat ROM/RAM expansion board from Slogger Systems.

It bolts on to the back of your Electron, the Electron bus is carried at the rear to allow other units to be attached and the unit is fully compatible with Acorn's Plus 1 interface.

The unit is very well constructed and encased in tough plastic. It provides eight sockets for eight or 16k ROMs.

On the right hand edge are

three sets of jumper switches. These select the following options: all sockets accept 8/16k ROM; right hand socket accepts 4k ROM; right hand socket accepts 8k RAM; redefine HOM page numbers.

This latter option is necessary for use with the Plus 1 since it reserves certain ROM pages for its own use.

All this is explained in the manual supplied with the unit, which includes a detailed description of the ROM filing system, and is about the best piece of documentation I've seen.

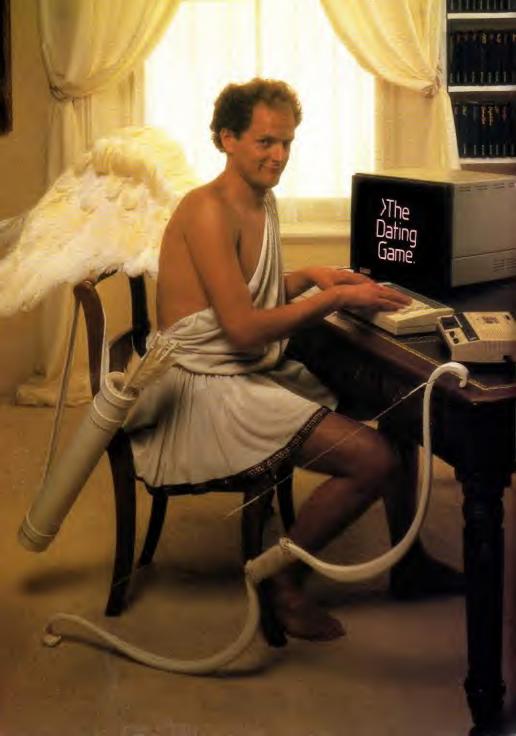
The ability to use RAM in

one of the sockets is something that will really come into its own when discs become available, and the manual includes a short machine-code routine to read/write to Ram or even to read any ROM plugged in.

Most of the ROMs available for the Beeb will work with this unit, including View and the Graphics ROM, but it might be as well before buying and if you are unsure to ask your dealer to try it out first.

What more can I say? It's well built, well documented and well recommended!

John King



The Electron has added even more strings to its bow.

The list of top quality software for the Acorn Electron is growing all the time.

As you can see, there's already an outstanding selection of exciting programs covering everything from monsters to music and murder to marriage guidance.

And ultimately, the Electron will enjoy a range of software as comprehensive as that of its illustrious big brother, the muchacelaimed BBC Micro.

You'll find all the programs featured here at your local Acorn stockist. (To find out where that is, simply call 01-200 0200.)

Alternatively, you can send off for the Electron catalogue and order through the post by writing to Acornsoft, c/o Vector Marketing, Denington Estate, Wellingborough, Northants NN8 2RL. Tel: 0933 79300.

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CHILDREN'S EDUCATIONAL SOFTWARE: Happy Numbers, Timeman One, Timeman Two, Wordhang, Happy Letters, Map Rally.

ACORNS

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TWO FANTASTIC. **FUN-FILLED GUIDES** FROM THE PENGUIN ACORN COMPUTER LIBRARY

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CREATIVE ASSEMBLER: HOW TO WRITE ARCADE GAMES For the BBC Microcomputer Model B and Acorn Electron Ionathan Griffiths

Creator of such top-selling games as Snapper and JCB Digging, Jonathan Griffiths steers you to a practical understanding of the powerful ASSEMBLER facility to produce an action-packed arcade game.



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CUBECOUNT, SHAPES, SPELL and CLOCK.

'An excellent mixture of games' . .

Personal Software - Autumn 1983.

EDUCATIONAL 2 €8.00

Although similar to Educational 1 this tape is more advanced and aimed at 7 to 12 year olds. The tape includes MATH1, MATH2, AREA, MEMORY, CUBECOUNT and SPELL.

FUN WITH NUMBERS

This program will teach and test basic counting, addition and subtraction to 4 to 7 years olds. The tape includes COUNT, ADD, SUBTRACT and ROCKET MATHS an arcade type game to exercise addition and subtraction. With sound and visual effects. **FUN WITH WORDS**

Start your fun with alphabet puzzle, continue your play with VOWELS, learn the difference between THERE and THEIR, have games with SUFFIXES and reward yourself with a game of HANGMAN. Complete with sound and graphics. The tape includes ALPHA, VOWELS, THERE, SUFFIXES and HANGMAN

Very good indeed . . . A&B Computing - Jan/Feb 1984.

JIGSAW AND SLIDING PUZZLES There are 2 Jigsaws and 4 sliding puzzles on a 3 x 3 and 4 x 4 grid. Each program starts off at an easy level to ensure initial success but gradually becomes harder. If helps children to develop spatial imagination and in problem solving. The tape includes 6 programs: OBLONG, JIGSAW, HOUSE, NUMBERS, CLOWN and LETTERS.

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Defending cities is great fun City Defence

Bug Byte

AS sole defender of a group of cities you have to fight off deadly missiles using the almost inevitable laser bases.

You have four cities to defend and three bases from which you can fire. Sadly there are only 10 rockets available in each base. When your supply is exhausted the enemy continues to attack ruthlessly until your planet lies in ruin.

After you've seen off each wave of enemy missiles your supply of rockets is replenished. Provided you have managed to save at least one city from the preceding screen, away you go again.

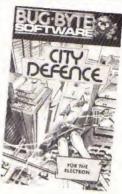
Extra cities are awarded for every 1,500 points, and other features include a two player option - very welcome when your friends play for hours and a hi-score facility.

All in all I was impressed by City Defence. The instructions were concise yet clear and annear on screen as well as on the inlay card.

The sound was good and did not become annoying, as often happens, Indeed the sound produced by an attacking wave of missiles was really quite tuneful, although it could not be turned off if it did become tedious.

The use of graphics was fair if not exactly startling.

Perhaps a hardened arcade fanatic might be a little disappointed at the absence of one or two features present on



the original - for example there are no spaceships appearing from time to time.

Having said that, to most people this game will provide a good deal of entertainment and is great fun to play.

Steve Yarwood

Beat the wizard and keep the peace

The Eve of Zolton Softsel

THIS review is in response to a request for help from Elizabeth Young of Standon Massey in Essex. She says the game is fascinating and I agree.

Your ruler, the king, has had the five magic objects that enable him to maintain peace and prosperity in the land stolen by an evil wizard.

As the influence of this wizard descends upon the land, you are summoned and told by the king that he has chosen you to recover the magic objects and take them to the Temple of Zolton.

Here their beneficial influence will help the king defeat the wizard.

You begin your quest on a hillton with the first task to equip yourself for the trials to come. You quickly discover a hut, two canvons, a lake, an island, a deadly forest and a mysterious castle.

The island is the last place you want to visit so you search everywhere thoroughly before tackling the castle.

There is a way into the castle and you will be surprised at the help you can get here, always assuming you can recognise it! Once you have figured it out you will be in the castle and the main body of the adventure.

There are some really dev-

Maths for home and school

Maths level 1 (Age 4-6) Cheshire Cat Educational Series (AmpalSoft)

THIS is one of a series being produced for the pre-school or young child. It would be equally suitable for schools or the home Electron and colour

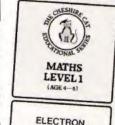
Like the others in the series. the package contains two cassettes which together conrain 16 exercises.

These obviously begin at a very basic level with number recognition and matching, sorting of shapes and adding complements of five, through to matching pairs of objects which would eventually lead to some experience of set

The intention is that the child would soon learn to use the programs unaided, and I am sure this would be possible.

The key inputs are, after all. remarkably clear and easy to learn.

However I would also see a



oreat advantage for a parent in working through these exercises with the child so that the mathematical vocabulary necessary later may be founded at this early stage.

There are also a variety of further activities which would present themselves during the operation of these programs, and a wise parent would do well to follow them up while the interest is shown by the

Full use is made of colour and sound so that the machine is well used. The graphics are not elaborate, but in a program of this kind they hardly need to

In a school situation, the child's name is input and full records are maintained of that child's performance.

One slight snag which I found at school was the time taken to load the cassettes they contain a wealth of programs which need to be accessed quite often during a morning"s work.

Schools may be interested to know that the programs also run on the BBC Micro, and with a bit of effort can be stored on disc.

Since schools are well advised to make a backup copy and to keep the original well away from dirty fingers, I wouldn't imagine that Ampal-Soft would mind the backup being on disc. It makes the running of a classroom much smoother!

Phil Tayler

From Page 27

flish puzzles to solve, yet no real red herrings.

I will give you one tip. Though the program description says you have to return the five magic objects to the temple, they are not the only things that have to go there.

The program is written in Basic and thus easily listable. This might not help you if you get stuck however, since many of the room descriptions and word parts have been token-

For those who haven't met this term before, I'll try to explain. To save memory space the programmer has substituted the more commonly used words and word parts for symbols.

The tokeniser converts these symbols into English when they are to be displayed on the screen. It also converts your input into symbols the program can understand and respond to.

The Electron itself tokenises Basic keywords, though very little information is given in the User Guide.

Overall, an ingenious series of puzzles. Despite being written in Basic it's a very nice game to play and is about average difficulty. I am impressed and have no hestation in recommending it for all types of adventurers.

Merlin

GET IT RIGHT THIS TIME

Woodland Terror MP Software

THIS is the sequel to Firienwood. M+P's first adventure, which took its name from the forest in which much of the action took place.

M+P claim that no prior knowledge of Firienwood is required and since I haven't as yet seen it and I've managed to finish this adventure, I have to agree.

In rescuing the golden bird of paradise in the previous game you inadvertently released an evil genie. Now, a few years later, you set out to the land.

Hopefully you'll get it right this time!

You start your quest close to the castle, scene of your previous triumph, and after a couple of turns (hint!), you manage to reach the castle and obtain some of the equipment.

This includes a password which will see you through to the main part of the adventure.

After a few more moves the pressure begins to tell (yet another hintl), and you find yourself in Firienwood itself-

From this point on the tension mounts and you are



presented with numerous puzzles to solve and red herrings to ignore. Also, for any Dungeons and Dragons fans who might be playing, you are frequently given the opportunity to fight goblins and thereby increase your score.

Since I managed to complete the adventure without killing a single goblin I can only assume that this option is merely to pad the adventure out a bit.

Perhaps the idea is that having completed the game, you can go through it again to try to achieve a high score. First time I ever heard of an adventure having a top ten!

Anyway, after a lot more red herrings, a trip underground and a visit to the diamond mines, you manage to complete the adventure.

At this point I felt it was all a bit of an anti-climax. In retrospect I can say that it is perfectly possible to solve this adventure without even meaning to.

Only about 20 per cent of the puzzles and locations have any bearing on what happens.

It's a large program, completely written in machinecode, very fast and has an excellent save-game routine. The layout on-screen — using different colours for text, messages and so on — is very impressive.

The thing lacking is a feeling of cohesion between the puzzles and the purpose of the adventure. In view of this I feel that the experienced adventurer would be disappointed if he bought this program.

For the novice, however, I think it is ideal. Many of the puzzles that have a direct bearing on the adventure are fairly easy to solve and there are plenty of locations to explore once the initial problems are overcome.

All in all, a competent piece of programming but for the complete novice only.

Merlin

But is it art?

Electro-Art Quicksilya

YET another title produced by the prolific Dave Mendes for Quicksilva, this is a graphics drawing package aimed at those wishing to implement the fine graphics capabilities of the Electron, but not being proficient enough to try it

Right up your Milky Way

The Night Sky Bridge Software

IS gazing at heavenly bodies your scene? Do you know an Ursa Major from a Corona Borealis?

If your answers are yes, then this program is right up your street (or your Milky Wayl). It will allow you to place yourself anywhere in the world, within certain generous limitations of longitude and latitude, and look at any constellation, or the sky in general.

There are more than 80 constellations listed, and they are identified by their three-letter abbreviations as used by the IAU.

Care must be taken to enter this with the correct sequence



of upper and lower case letters. Of course, we Electron users know it's easier to enter lower case letters on the Electron than on the BBC Micro.

The constellations contain over 1,000 stars, although not all will be available to view from our chosen location, even though a northerly or southerly aspect may be selected.

Various options are available, one being the facility to enter ANY as the answer to the name of the constellation.

The micro will then select one and display it, having made sure it is visible. You can then use this as a test, guessing the answer before it is revealed.

If your Interest In astronomy is perhaps dorment, this is a super program to awaken it!

Phil Tayler



themselves in Basic.

I must say straight away that it is not the best of it type, comparing rather tast on several points with the Salamander Graphics System, reviewed in the May issue of Electron User.

This tape can produce extremely detailed results as are shown on the accompanying sample pictures. Actually, I spent several frustrated minutes looking for these, before finding them at the start of the flipside.

When found, these files are well worth loading in to show the superb results possible with skill, care and patience.

One major handicap is that Electro-Art only operates in Mode 2, whereas the Salamander package allows the user to select Mode 0, 1 or 2.

I also found the controls less easy to remember than the mnemonic-type initials employed by Salamander. For instance, to colour-fill an area uses Key 1 on the Quicksilva tape, but F (for fill) on the Salamander.

There are a couple of plusses for Dave Mendes with some predefined triangles at the touch of a number key, as long as you can remember which is triangle one or two or three or four that is.

Both have the facility to save and load pictures using the cassette system, but Quicksilva score another plus with a built-in joystick facility-obviously an advantage.

Where Quicksilva lose totally though, is the complete absence of either a grid overlay for intricate designs or indeed any system of showing current coordinates for future manipulation.

No, in an application where user-friendliness has to be a prime consideration. I cannot really recommend this very highly, if I hadn't already seen the other system perhaps I could, but this does not emerge well from the comparison.

Phil Tayler

A REAL BOON!

Sprites Version 2

WHATEVER you enjoy doing on your Electron, writing games or education programs or just playing around, this program is without doubt a real boon.

It lets you produce beautifully fluid-smooth animation in minutes with a minimum of difficulty.

A sprite, for the uninitiated, is a block of graphics which can be moved around the screen pixel by pixel giving smooth movement. The micro takes care of deleting and moving the image, leaving the background undamaged.

The package consists of three definer programs, some ready made sprites – although it's more fun to make your own – and about 20 machine code routines, each incorporating different features and using yarving amounts of memory.

Writing, changing and using the sprites is simplicity itself, with the use of the resident integer variables and calls to machine code routines from your Basic program.

All this is explained in the

comprehensive manual.

Also supplied are two demonstration games complete with listings. However these do not do the sprites justice, being simple and uninspiring.

What puts this program way shead of other packages available is its many features. These include a collision detector, preset flight paths. extra-large super sprites, an amazing enlargement facility, and up to 48 sprites at once, each of which can have two alternating images giving Instant animation as the sprite moves.

Simonsoft Sprites has to be one of the best things for programmers wanting to write good programs since the Electron itself.

Andrew Oldham

One for action men...

Invaders Superior Software

WOULD you do anything for a fast action game but never look an adventure in the face? If so, then this is the game for you.

Your ship is loaded with an infinite supply of fire-power with which to blast the aliens out of existence, but you only have a limited time before they land.

For extra points you must destroy any spaceship that wanders through your territory. Watch out, though, They often drop bombs that penetrate all defences.

The keys Z and X (for left and right) and Delete (to fire), respond promptly, giving smooth action.

It may not be the most original game ever written, but the graphics and sound facilities have been used well to give an enjoyable and addictive game which is good value for money.

Richard Tacagni

You'll love it, and learn too

Map Rally

Bourne Educational Software

BOURNE have made many friends among primary school teachers (and children!) for their lovely Happy Letters and Happy Numbers programs for young learners.

This tape is aimed at a higher age group and combines practice in coordinates and compass directions.

There are actually two similar programs on the cassette, the first of which requires little experience of compass bearings, for the necessary prompts are made on screen.

The child takes the part of a rally driver, with the Electron acting as navigator around a course through a grid. This varies from 6×6 to 18×18, which increases the level of difficulty.

The most popular choice was that of two players



competing against each other, one with a red car, the other with blue. The courses set for each car are similar in terms of distance, but they are not the same, so nobody can benefit from someone else's suc-

cesseel

The second program is very similar but the child has to calculate the desired new coordinates in order to make the move. This refinement adds a totally different skill from that already acquired in the first game.

Again the graphics are fair and the sound is quite reasonable but the great value of this tape is the superbly child-orientated feel it has.

Children love the idea of carrallies and they themselves love to compete. The fact that a considerable amount of information is learnt about compass points and coordinates is almost incidental to the child.

Yet parents and teachers can feel quite reassured that the educational purpose is fully achieved in this splendid cassette.

Phil Tayler

KAY-ESS

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the lights and gather assured for the most charge gather of the year. How too taggined at thoose supersificious choice in the village when they warmed you not to go hear-house. The dother to the role year bett under the affection shall war soll and within an hour you had passed though the older passed has house. The dott webs hadn't bothered you as you climbed the job states to the toowers on the too level. Did you notice how low the sun had fallen before the sounds of locks clicking your standard early? How can the moon be out sleedy and whats that may not towards you?? This sill action gather will have you dowking and diving from the said and completely support the said passed with your superside sound effects and praphics. Said be played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Pulsa Passed policy and the played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Passed with the played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Passed with the played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Passed with the played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Passed with the played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Passed with the played using either keyboard or jorsticks. Towards Passed Pass

EARLY YEARS (6)(E) For children between 3-8 years of ago

These two packages give an author older rain and to rains to to age wounger child through a series of simple game type tasks to wounger child through a series of simple game type tasks to enforce idea. The amphasis is on learning through fur Topics covered include subtraction, addition, recognition, colour shapes sizes, sounds notes zo-ordination distances, estimates with directions.

FARIV VEARS 1

- MICKEY THE MONKEY and his apple tree make authraction fun. COLOUR BLOCKS bring sizes and colour into perspective. MERRY MUSIC turns the keyboard into a musical keyboard.
- FUNNY FACES presents a line up which are is the suspect? FRED THE FROG needs to ordinated help to get across the pond

EARLY YEARS 2

- RLY YEARS 2
 THE POND seems very active roday
 SPEED is required to keep the cake on the conveyor belt.
 DIRECTIONS seem to be needed by everyone in Orion village. HE SPIDER needs some help to get out of the make

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QUAL-SOFT

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QUAL-SOFT Comments: About our previous advert Mr J. Carter of Barnsley 'phoned'. Don't tell us what people think of LEAGUE DIVISION ONE for the BBC & what do they say about SOCCER SUPEMO for the LECTRON?" Copy dates being what they are, we hadn't sold any ELECTRON games when we wrote last months advent, but now, at the time of writing we've been delivering the program for four weeks probably eight to twelve as you read this!, and, to escape accusations of selective quotes, we will give you the first paragraph of the first letter we had received about SOCCER SUPREMD, from J. Hocley of Twickenham: "Many thanks for the fantastic game, As soon as I received it, there was no stopping until the end of the season".

We make that about six hours continuous play! And in the first telephone conversation P: Wright of Swansea began: "This is by far the best game I've found for the ELECTRON". OK Mr Carter?

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*** "3-D", 22 MAN, FULL PITCH, FULL MATCH GRAPHICS SIMULATION

- 42 match season, 21 home games, 21 away games. Opposition: 21 of the current 22 DIV 1 sides
- Transfer market (Rush, Robson, Hoddle etc).
- 4-4-2, 4-3-3 and 4-2-4 team formation.
- In match tactical adjustments.
- Opposition skills related to League record.
- Match injuries: Your physio reports
- Team selection by names, (enter initials)
- Home/away bias, opposition tactical play
- Tactical substitutions

And many more features, but will take a full page advert if we are to continue, (That'll be O.K. Ad. Man).

The game will be posted on the same day as the receipt of order, ACCESS telephone authorisations should take no more than two days to arrive.

QUAL-SOFT Dept. EU. 18, Hazlemere Rd., Stevenage, Herts, SG28RX Tel: (0438) 721936

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Make light work of listings

To save your fingers most of the listings in Electron User have been put on tape.

On the November tape:

STAR FIGHTER Anti-alien missions. SCROLLER Wrap around machine code. URBAN SPRAWL Environmental action game. SPELL Alphabetic education. JUMPER Level headed action. CAESAR Code breaking broken. KEYBOARD Typing game.

On the October tape:

BREAKFREE Classic arcade action. ALPHASWAP A logic game to strain your brain.
SOUND GENERATOR Tame the Electron's sound channels. MULTICHARACTER
GENERATOR Complex characters made simple. RIGEL 5 Out of this world graphics.
MAYDAY Help with your morse code. NOTEBOOK Palindromes and string handling.

On the September tape:

HAUNTED HOUSE Arcade action in the spirit world. SPLASH A logic game for non-swimmers. SORT SHOWS How sorting algorithms work. SORT TIME The time they take. CLASSROOM INVADERS Multicoloured characters go to school. SAILOR Nautical entics. MATHS TEST Try out your mental powers.

SANDCASTLE The Electron seaside outing. KNQCKOUT Bouncing balls batter brick walls. PARACHUTE Keep the skydivers dry, LETTERS Large letters for your screen. SUPER-SPELL Test your spelling. ON YOUR BIKE Pedal power comes to your Electron. SCROLLER Sliced strings alide sideways. FLYING PIGS Sacon on the wing.

On the July tape:

GOLF A day on the links with your Electron. SOLITAIRE The classic solo logic game.
TALL LETTERS Large characters made simple. BANK ACCOUNT Keep track of your
money. CHARTIST 3D graphs. FORMULAE Areas, volumes and angles.

MONEY MAZE Avoid the ghosts to get the cash. CODE BREAKER A mastermind is needed to crack the code. ALLEN See little green men—the Electron way! SETUP Colour commands without tears. CRYSTALS Sesuiful graphics. LASER SHOOT OUT An intergalactic shooting gallary. SMILER Have a nice day!

RALLY DRIVER High speed car control. SPACE PODS More aliens to annihilate.

CODER Secret messages made simple. FRUIT MACHINE Spin the wheels to win.

CHASER Avoid your opponent to survive. TIC-TAC-TOE Electron noughts and crosses. ELECTRON DRAUGHTSMAN Create and save Electron masterplecas.

On the April tape:

SPACEHIKE A hopping aroade classic. FRIEZE Electron wallpaper. PELICAN Cross roads safely. CHESSTIMER Clock your moves. ASTEROID Space is a minefield. LIMERICK Automatic rhymes. ROMAN Numbers in the ancient way. BUNNYBLITZ The Easter program. DOGDUCK The classic logic game.

On the March tape:

CHICKEN Let dangerous drivers test your nerve. COFFEE
A tantalising word game from Down Under. PARKY'S PERIL Parky's lost in an invisible
maze. REACTION TIMER How fast are you? BRAINTEASER A puzzling program.
COUNTER Mental arithmetic can be fun! PAPER, SCISSORS, STONE Out-guess your Electron. CHARACTER GENERATOR Create shapes with this utility.

On the February tape:

NUMBER BALANCE Test your powers of mental arithmetic. CALCULATOR Make your Electron a calculator. DOILIES Multi-coloured patterns galore. TOWERS OF HANG! The age old puzzle. LUNAR LANDER Test your skill as an astronaut. POSITRON INVADERS A version of the old arcade favourite.

On the introductory tape:

ANAGRAM Sort out the jumbled letters. DOODLE Multicoloured graphics. EUROMAP Test your geography. KALEIDOSCOPE Electron graphics run riot. CAPITALS New upper case letters. ROCKET, WHEEL, CANDLE Three fireworks programs. BOMBER Drop the bombs before you crash. DUCK Simple animation. METEORS Collisions in space.

ing Electron Hear consent to tanger

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Nine programs from the November issue£
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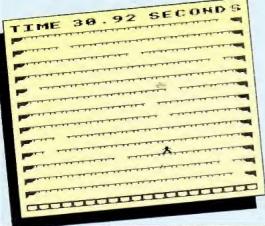
COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

JUMPER is a fast arcade game in which the objective is to move the man up through gaps in floors as quickly as possible.

You have to be quick as the gaps keep moving, and if you get caught by a fireball you go back to the beginning.

Line 700 is a delay, controlling running speed – but you may find if you make the program go faster your reactions can't keep up. 30]]9

You'd better jump for your life in this exciting arcade action game by CHARLES FRANCIS





SREM JUMPER 0:R(0)=0 GREM BY CHARLES FRANCIS 7REM (C) ELECTRON USER 10DIMGPX(30),R\$(8),R(8) 20MODE1: 30VDU23,224,255,255,255. 254, 252, 192, 192, 128 40VDU23,225,255,66,66,0, 0.0.0.0 50VDU 23,226,24,24,60,90 ,24,60,36,102 60VDU23,227,255,255,255, 127,63,3,3,1 70VDU23,228,24,126,126,2 55,255,126,126,24 BOVDU23, 235, 255, 255, 129. 129,129,129,195,255 90VDU23,240,12,12,60,47, 12,14,58,35 100VDU23,241,48,48,60,244 ,48,112,92,196

150COLOUR1: PRINTTAB(16.1) "JUNPER" 160COLOUR2: PRINT " Hove t he man ": 170COLOUR3: PRINT: CHR\$226: 180COLOUR2 190PRINT; " up through the gaps in ""the floors. He falls through gaps." 200PRINT "Avoid fireballs 210COLOUR1: PRINT; CHR\$228; : COLOUR? 220PRINT""To move man us e keys: "t 230PRINT" 2 - HOVE LEFT! 240PRINT" Y - MOVE RIGHT' 250PRINT* . - JUMP HO 260 PRINT' Use keys toget her to avoid falling back"

"after jump. "

270 COLOUR3: PRINT'*

320VDU19, 3, 4, 0, 0, 0 3306%=420207 340CDLOUR2 350 FOREX=4T028STEP2 360PRINTTAB(0.DI)CHR\$224+ STRING\$ (18.CHR\$225) +CHR\$227 3706%=RND(18) 3806P1 (91) = G1 390PRINTTAB(62,02)" "; 400NEXT 410PRINTTAB(0.30)STRING\$(20, CHR\$235); 4206P1(30)=-1 430TZ=TIHE 440 17=0: YY=29 450FYX=3:FXX=RND(18):IX=1 460COLOURI 470PRINTTAB(0,1) TIME ": 480COLDUR3 490PRINTTAB(12, YZ)CHR\$226 SOOREPEAT 510IFINKEY (-103) ANDGPZ (YX

PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE":

300VDU23,1,0:0:0:0:0:

2806#=SET\$

290MDDE5

-1)=X:PRINTTAB(XX,YX)* ":Y
Z=YX-2:PRINTTAB(XX,Y2)CHR92
26:SDUND1,-15,96,1
520IFINKEY(-67)+INKEY(-98)
>=OTHENPRINTYAB(XX,YX)CHR92
26
530IFINKEY(-67)ANDXX(19:P
RINTTAB(XX,YX)* ":XX=XX+1:P
RINTTAB(XX,YX)* ":XX=XX+1:P
INTTAB(XX,YX)* ":XX=XX+1:PRINTTAB(XX,YX)* ":XX=XX-1:PR

550[FSPX(YX+1)=XX:PROCDOW N 560[X=2+2+RND(1]) 570CDLOUR2 580 PRINTTAB(6PX(QX),QX)C HR#225 5906PX(QX)=RND(1B) 600PRINTTAB(6PX(QX),QX)°

INTTAB(X1, YI) CHR\$241

6101FXX=FXXANDFYX=YXTHEMF RINTTAB(XX,YX)* *:SOUNDO,-1 ,6,10:YX=29 620COLOUR1:PRINTTAB(FXX,F YX)* *:FXX=FXX+2X

(II) =-1: NEXT

11040023,1,0;0;0:0:0:

12000019,3,4,0,0,0

130FDRIX=0108:R\$(II)="":R

140R\$(1) = "BRINNER":R(1) =5



VARIABLES

Position of gap in floor Names in the Hall of Fame Times in the Hall of Fame (R(1) can be

beaten) Man position X%, Y% -496+1 Fireball position V1%

Fireball direction FX%,FY% Time taken in seconds Starting time.

GS,G%,1%,Q% Utility variables

STRUCTURE

30-120 VDU codes 130-140 Initialise Hall of Fame 150-280 Game instructions 300-320 Colour selection 330 Sets numeric format 340-490 Screen initialisation for game, 500-710 Main loop

510-550 Move man 560-600 Move gap in floor 610 & 650 Man caught by fireball 620-670

Moves fireball 680 Time taken 700 Delay (see above) 750-920

Game end including Hall of Fame 950-1030 PROCDOWN Man falls through gap in floor 1040-1080 PROCtune ? 1090-1130

PROCtune 2

6301FFXX=00RFXX=190RRND(2 O) =1 THEN 7 % = - ZX 640 IFFIX=6PI (FYI+1) THENFY

1=FYX+2 &SOIFXI=FXIANDFYX=YITHEHP RINTTAB(II, YI)" ": SOUNDO, -1 .5.10:YX=29

660 IFFYX) YX: FYX=3 STOPRINTTAB(FXX, FYX) CHRS!

ABOPRINTTAB(4,1) (TIME-TY) /100: * SECONDS

A90COLOUR3 700F0R11=0101500:NEXT 710UNTIL YX=3

720T=(T!HE-TX)/100 730CLS 740COLOUR3: PRINTTAB(5.9)*

TIME TAKEN TAB (2.11) T: " SEC DNDS"

7501FR (7) >OANDT>R (7) PROCE une1:60T0870 760COLOUR1

770[FT(R(1)PRINTIAB(4,15) "RECORD TIME":: PROCtume1: PR OCtune2: ELSEPRINTIAB (2, 15)

YOU REACHED THE TAB (3,17) "H ALL OF FAME":

790PROCtune1:PROCtune2 790CDLDURZ: #FX21,0 RDOINFUTTAB(5,20) "ENTER N AMF TAB(7.23) NS

BIOFORIX=7TDOSTEP-1 ROOTET(RITTORRITT) (0 RIT

1+1)=R([1]:R\$([1+1)=R\$([1); ELSEIFT(R(11+1) ORR(11+1)(0

94117+11 =N\$: R(IX+1)=T

RESONEXT 940COLOUR1

REOCI SEPRINTTABIA. 11 "HALL OF FAME*

9601%=1:REPEAT:COLOUR3:PR INT 'TAB(1)R\$(II)+CHR\$17+CH

R\$2TAB(14)R(IX):IX=IX+1:UNT 11.1%=80RR([%)(0 870CDLCUR!

880PRINT "" Mould you another game?" TA B(7)*(Y/N)*:

RPORFFEAT 9006#=GET#

910UNTILG\$="Y"ORG\$="N"

920TF G#="Y"THENCLS: 60703

930HDDE5 940END 950DEFPROCOGWN

ăń

960Y1Z=YX+1 970SQUND1,-15,0,1

9BOPRINTTAB(IX, YX) ": YX= YX+Z: PRINTTA8 (XX, YX) CHR\$226

990COLDURZ 1000 PRINTTAB(GPI(YIZ), YIZ

) CHR\$225 1010 GPX (Y1X) = RND(18) 1020FRINTTAB (BPX(Y1%), Y1%)

1030ENDPROC 1040DEFPROCtune1

1050SDUND1.-15.68,2:SDUND1 .0.0.1:SOUNDI.-15.80.2:SOUN D1.0.0.1:FOR IX=0TD5:SOUND1 ,-15,96,2:50UND1,0,0,1:NEXT 1060SDUND1,-15,100,1:SDUND

1,-15,88,2:SDUND1,-15,80,3: SOUND1, -15, 68, 3 1070SDUND1.-15.60,5:SOUND1

.0.0.1:SOUND1,-15,76,5:SOUN

01,0,0,1:SOUND1,-15,96,1:SO UND1.-15.88.8

LOSOENDPROC 1090DEFPROCtune2

1100SUUND1,0,0,3:SUUND1,-1 5.96.5:SOUND1.0.0.1:SOUND1, -15,108,1:SDUND1,-15,96,2:\$

OUND1,-15,80,1:SOUND1,-15.9 6.1:SDUND1.0.0.1

1110SDUND1,-15,80,2:SDUND1 .0.0.1:SOUND1,-15,80,2:SOUN D1,0,0,1:SOUND1,-15,88,1:SO UND1,-15,90,2:SDUND1,-15,68 .1:SOUND1,-15,80,1:SOUND1,0

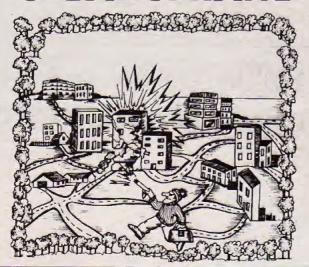
1120SOUND1,-15,68,5:SOUND1 .0.0.1:SOUND1,-15.80,5:SOUN D1.0.0.1:SOUND1.-15.96,1:SD UND1.-15.88.8

1130ENDPROC

.0.1

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

URBAN SPRAWL



TAKE on the planners and fight to save the green belt with this fast moving and original game from PATRICK HEIGHES.

Stop the planners building on the green belt round the edge of the screen. The city starts in the middle of the screen and sprawls outwards.

You are the Lone Conservationist, running around the screen blasting each building as it gets too near the belt.

Whenever you get one, the builders go back to the Town Hall in the centre and start again, giving you a breather. Then you're back in action.

The controls are simplicity itself:

Key Function

Z Left X Right

Up

Down Return Fires blaster

Your score is based on the length of time you keep the buildings off the green belt. Good luck!

10 REM URBAN SPRANL

20 REM PATRICK HEIGHES

30 REM (C) ELECTRON USER

40 HODE 5

50 VDU 23,1,0:0:0:0:0:

60 VDU 19,2,2,0,0,0

70 VDU 23,240,255,255,255

,255,255,255,255,255

BO VDU 23,241,0,60,60,126

,24,28,118,70 90 ENVELOPE 1.3.-17.61

,9,4,0,0,126,0,0,-126 .126.126

100 HAN=741

110 SCOREZ=0

120 CITYX=0

130 FARE 1=0

140 DIRY=2

150 VERTZ=20

:HOR77=10

160 YZ=15

:Y2=15

170 PRINT TAB(X1,Y1);

CHRS (MAN)

180 PROCSTART

190 FOR N=0 TO 20

200 PRINT TAB(14,31): SCOREZ:

210 PROCHAN

220 IF INKEY (-74)=-1 THEN PROCSHOOT

230 IF N MOD 5=0

THEN PROCERD

: SCOREX=SCOREX+2 240 IF FAILZ=1

THEN 60TO 1290

250 NEXT N

260 GOTO 190

270 DEF PROCSTART 280 GCOL 0.2

290 MOVE 1280.0

300 PLOT 85.0.94

310 PLOT 85.1280.94

320 MOVE 1280,1024

330 PLOT 85,1152,94

340 PLOT 85,1152,1024

350 MOVE 0.1024

360 PLOT 85,1152,928

370 PLOT 85.0.928 380 MOVE 0.94

390 PLOT 85,120,928

400 PLQT 85,120,94

410 GCGL 0.3

420 PRINT TAB(8,31); "SEORE";

430 FDR N=1 TD 20 440 PRINT TAB(S+RND(8).10+

RNB(8)): CHR\$ (240)

450 NEXT

460 ENDPROC

470 DEF PROCERO

480 HORZZ=HORZX-2+RND (3)

490 VERTZ=VERTZ-2+RND/31

500 IF POINT (HOR21+64+32

. (31-VERTX) +32+161=2 THEN FAILX=1

:PRINT TAB(HORZ%, VERT%);

CHR\$ (240)

: ENDPROC

510 IF HORZX(2

THEN HOREX=2

520 IF HORZE>17

THEN HORZX=17

530 IF VERTACE

THEN VERTIES

540 IF VERT2)28

THEN VERTX=28

550 PRINT TAB (HORZ%, VERT%): CHR\$ (240)

560 ENDPROC

570 PRINT TAB (HDRZZ, VERTZ): CHR\$ (240)

580 DEF PROCHAN

590 IF INKEY (-98) =-1

THEN DIRX=1

:60TO 640

600 IF INKEY (-67)=-1

THEN DIRX=2

:GOTO 700

610 IF INKEY (-73)=-1

THEN DIRX=3

: GOTO 760

620 IF INKEY (-105) =-1

THEN DIRY=4

:GOTO 820

630 ENDPROC

640 YY=YY-1

650 VZ=POINT(XX+64+32, (31-YZ)

+32+16)

660 IF VX=0 AND CITYY=0

THEN PRINT TAB(XX, YX):

CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX+1

900 SHOOTYX=(31-YX)+32+16 AND 31-((SHODTYX-16)/32) , YX); CHR\$ (32) THEN PRINT TAB(XZ, YZ): 910 FI=SHOOTXX =VERTY CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX, YX+1); : ENDPROC :61=SHOOTY2 THEN HORZZ=10 ELSE IF VX=0 AND CITYX=1 CHR\$ (32) : VERTI=15 920 HOVE FILEY THEN PRINT TAB(XZ,YZ): : ENDPROC 930 ON DIRI 60TO 940 ,980 : COLDUR 1 ELSE IF VX=0 AND CITYX=1 CHR# (MAN): TAB(XX+1 ; PRINT TAB(HORZZ, VERTZ); ,1020 ,1060 THEN PRINT TAB(XZ,YZ); .YZ): CHR\$ (240) 940 SHOOTX2=SHOOTX2-64 CHR\$ (240) CHR\$ (MAN); TAB(XX, YX+1); :CITYI=0 950 IF POINT (SHOOTX2, SHOOTYX) FOR WALLET TO 25 :ENDPROC CHR# (240) :NEXT WAIT'S : CITYX=0 670 IF YX=2 THEN PROChit : ENDPROC : EOLOUR 3 THEN XX=XX+1 : ENDPROC :PRINT TAB(HORZX, VERTX); 790 IF VX=2 : ENDPROC 950 IF POINT (SHOOTXZ, SHOOTYX) CHR# (240) THEN YX=YX+1 680 IF VX=3 AND CITYX=1 : VDU 7 : ENDPROC THEN PRINT TABIXX, YX); THEN PROCESS 800 IF VE=3 AND CITYX=1 1180 ENDPROC CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX+1 : ENDPROC 1190 DEF PROCESS THEN PRINT TAB(X1, Y1); .Y1):CHR\$ (240) 970 GDTD 940 1200 DRAW SHOOTXX, SHOOTYX CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(X1, Y1+1): : ENDPROC 990 SHOOTXX=SHOOTXX+64 ELSE IF VX=3 AND CITYX=0 CHR\$ (240) 1210 SOUND 1.1.157.5 990 IF POINT (SHOOTXI, SHOOTYI) 1220 SFOL 0.0 THEN PRINT TAB(XI, YI); : ENDPROC =3 ELSE IF VX=3 AND CITYX=0 1230 DRAW FX.GX CHR\$ (MAN) : TAB (XX+1 THEN PROChit THEN PRINT TAB(XX, YX); 1240 GCDL 0,3 .Y%); CHR\$ (32) :ENGPROC CHR# (MAN): TAB(XZ, YZ+1): 1250 COLOMR 2 :CITYX=1 LOGO IF POINT (SHOSTXZ, SHOCTYZ) CHR\$ (32) 1260 PRINT TAB((SHD0TXX-32)/64 : ENDPROC =2 :CITYX=1 .31-((SMDOTY%-16)/32)): 490 ENDPROC THEN PROCeiss : ENDPROD CHR# (240) 700 XZ=XX+1 : ENDPROC 710 VX=POINT(XX+64+32,(31-YX) 810 ENDPROC 1270 COLOUR 3 1010 GOTO 990 820 YX=YX+1 1280 ENDERDE +32+16) 1020 SHOOTY%=5HOOTY%+32 B30 VX=POINT(XX+64+32,(31-YX) 720 IF VX=0 AND CITY2=0 1790 1930 IF POINT(SHOOTXX, SHOOTYX) THEN PRINT TAB(X1, Y1); +32+16) 1300 HODE & 23 840 IF VZ=0 AND CITYX=0 CHES (MAN) : TAB(XX-1 1310 PRINT TAB(5.5): "BAD LUCK" THEN PROChit THEN PRINT TAB(XX, YZ); .YX): CHR\$ (52) 1320 PRINT :ENDPROC CHES (MAN): TAB(XX, YX-1): 1330 PRINT SPC (a) THE GREEN :ENDPROC 1040 IF POINT (SHOOTX1, SHOOTY1) ELSE IF VX=0 AND CITYX=1 CHR\$ (32) BELT HAS BEEN" =2 :ENDPROC THEN PRINT TABILLAND: 1340 PRINT THEN PROCess ELSE IF VX=0 AND CITYX=1 CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX-I : PRINT SPC (13) BUILT : ENDPROC THEN PRINT TABLES, YX); .Y%):CHR\$ (240) ON" 1050 GOTO 1020 CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX, YX-1); :DITYI=0 1350 PRINT 1040 SHOOTYX=SHOOTYX-32 CHR\$ (240) : ENDPROC PRINT 1970 IF POINT (SHOOT XX, SHOOT YX) :CITYX=0 730 IF VX=2 : PRINT :ENDPROC THEN XX=XX-1 : PRINT THEN PROChit 850 IF VX=2 :PRINT " YOU SCORED : ENDPROC : ENDPROC THEN YZ=YZ-1 740 IF VX=3 AND CITYX=1 ": SCORE%: " POINTS* 1080 IF POINT (SHOOT XX, SHOOT YX) : ENOPROC THEN PRINT TAB(X1,Y1): 1360 PRINT 850 IF VX=3 AND CITYX=1 CHRS (MAN); TAB(XX-1 :PRINT SPC (6) "DD YOU THEN PROCESS THEN PRINT TAB(XX, YX); YZ1; CHR\$ (240) WANT TO PLAY AGRIN Y/N : ENEPROC CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX, YX-1); : ENDPROC 1090 GDTD 1080 CHR# (240) ELSE IF VI=3 AND CITYX=0 1370 LET AS=GET\$ 1100 DEF PROChit :ENDPROC THEN PRINT TAB(XX, YZ); : IF A5="Y" 1110 DRAW SHOOTXX, SHOOTYX ELSE IF VX=3 AND C!TYX=0 CHRS (MAN) : TAB(XZ-1 THEN RUN 1120 SOUND 1,1,157,5 THEN PRINT TABIXX, YX); .YI1: CHR\$ (32) ELSE IF AS="N" 1130 GCOL 0.0 CHR\$ (MAN): TAB(XX, YX-1); :CITYI=1 THEN END 1140 DRAW FY.63 CHR\$ (32) : ENDPROC 1380 E070 1370 1150 GCOL 0.3 :CITYI=1 750 ENDPROC 1150 PRINT TAB((SHOOTXX-32)/64 This listing is included in : ENOPROC 740 YX=YX-1 31-1(SHOOTYX-16)/32)); this month's cassette 870 ENDPROC 770 VX=POINT (XX+64+32, (31-YX) tape offer. See order CHR# (32) 880 DEF PROCSHOOT #32+16) form on Page 47. 1170 IF (SHOOTX%-32)/64=HDR2% 890 SHOOTXX=XX+64+32 780 IF VI=0 AND CITYX=0



National Micro

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Now you can add a printer to your Electron, using Plus 1, we have selected four of the most popular dor-matrix printers. All allow you to condense or embolden text, offer high definition characters and allow you to produce clear-cut graphics and charts:

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Epson RX80 (100cps)	£272.00
Epson RX80FT (incl. friction feed)	£315.00

(Without Electron Interface: £286.90)

MONITORS

You can happily operate your Electron with your domestic TV set. But more and more users are finding that for a really crisp picture you need a special monitor. We offer a monochrome and three colour monitors:

Zenith 12" (green screen)	£81.00
Microvitec (14" colour - low res)	
Microvitec (14" colour - med res)	£326.66
Microvitec (14" colour - htres)	£480.70

For the best of both worlds there is the I4" Nordmende, which can double as a monitor and normal TV, at a very attractive price£238.00 (with remote control £251.00)

DATA RECORDER

From a wide selection of cassette recorders we recommend the Pye Data Cassette Recorder, which is a perfect match for the Electron. With it comes a FREE power pack and Electron lead.

£38.00



Use a joystick to play arcade games and watch your score increase dramatically! For serious games a joystick really is a must – and we have two we specially recommend. Both provide win fire buttons.

Sureshot (self-centering action) .. £15.67 Clares (non self-centering) .. pair £19.50

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SCRAPBOOK

SCRAPBOOK is the feature that contains a selection of all the short, simple programs sent in by our readers. It's where we keep a record - a scrapbook would you believe - of all the interesting little routines that don't end up in the Notebook or in Program Probe but are too good for us not to share.

The emphasis this month is very much on graphics programs but next month, who knows? It's up to you and the programs you send in.

MANDALA The old Notebook program improved 10 REM MANDALA

20 REM BY MISEL PETERS

30 REM MODS BY JOHN LEWIS

40 MODE 1

50 GCOL 0.RND (3)

60 VDU 19,3,4,0,0,0.

70 VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;0;

80 MOVE 500,500

90 s=RND(100):PRINT "Step ";s

100 FOR x=0 TO 500 STEP 5

110 DRAW 500,1000-x

120 DRAW 500-x .500

130 DRAW 500.x

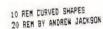
140 DRAW 500+x ,500

150 NEXT

160 TIME=0: REPEAT UNTIL TIME=200

170 SOTO 40





30 MODE 2

40 VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;0;

50 GCDL 0,RND (7)

60 SIZE=RND(100):8=RND(1 1001:C=SIZE:D=RND(900)

70 MOVE B+C.D: MOVE B+C.D

80 FOR 1=0 TO 1200 STEP

SIN(X)+C+D

100

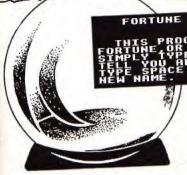
90 PLDT 85,CDS(X)+S17E+B

100 NEXT

110 BOTO 50

Send your programs to Scrapbook, Electron User, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY





FORTUNE TELLER

Your character described by 12 year old Helen Jones

torem Fortune Teller Pro

20REM By Helen Jones 30MODE 1

40PRINT TAB(3.2) "FORTUNE TELLER PROGRAM"

SOPRINT TAB(2,5) "THIS PR OGRAM TELLS YOUR" "FORTUME. OR SOMEONE ELSES FORTUNE."

SOPRINT SIMPLY TYPE IN S OMEGNES NAME, AND I WILL""T ELL YOU ABOUT THEM " TYPE S PACE BAR, IF YOU WANT TO TYP E IN A NEW NAME."

706=BET BOCLS POCOLOUR 2

100COLOUR 129 110CLS 120PRINT TAB(2,10)*PLEASE ENTER YOUR NAME."

130INPUT AS 140PRINT TAB(2.12)*GLAD T O KNOW YOU, "; A\$; " I HOPE THAT WE GET ALONG TOGETHER.

1506=BET 160COLOUR 3 170CLS

180PRINT TAB(0,2)"NOW ";A \$; " TYPE IN THE NAME OF THE PERSON WHOM YOU" "MANT ME TO PRAISE OR CRITISISE.....

> 1901MPUT BS 200CLS

2101F 85=A5 THEN PRINT TA B(0,4)*SO, YOUR ASKING ABOUT YOURSELF, ARE YOU? "" WEL

220IF BS=AS THEN GOTO 240 230PRINT TAB(0,4) "WELL,";

240C=RND(A) 2501F C=1 AND BS=AS THEN PRINT TAB(O.B) "ARE EXCEEDIN GLY BEAUTIFUL, ": SDUND1,-15,

2601F C=1 AND 8\$<>A\$ THEN PRINT TABLO. 81" IS EXCEEDING GLY BEAUTIFUL.": SOUND: .- 15, 100.10

2701F C=2 AND B\$=A\$ THEN PRINT TAB(0,8) ARE OF ROYAL BLOOD SOUND 1,-15,80,10

280IF C=2 ANDB\$()A\$ THEN PRINT TAB(0.6) "IS OF ROYAL BLOOD*:SOUND 1,-15.80.10 290IF C=3 ANDBS=AS THEN P RINT TAB(0,8) "ARE UGLIER TH

AN AN UGLY MONSTER. *: SOUND! .-15.48.10

TELLER PROGRAM

300IF C=3 ANDB\$()A\$ THEN PRINT TAB(0.6)"IS UGLIER TH AN AN UGLY MONSTER": SOUND 1,-15,48,10

3101F C=4 ANDSS=AS THEN P RINT TAB(0.8)" HAVE GOT DRA BONS CLAWS": SOUND 1,-15,52,

3201F C=4 ANDB\$()A\$ THEN PRINT TABIO.6) " HAS GOT DRA GONS CLAMS": SOUND 1,-15.52,

3301F C=5 ANDB\$=A\$ THEN P RINT TAB(0,8) "HAVE GOT NICE LEGS. SHAME ABOUT THE FACE. ":SOUND 1,-15,72,10

3401F C=5 ANDBS()AS THEN PRINT TAB(0,6) "HAS BOT NICE LEGS. SHAME ABOUT THE FACE. ": SOUND 1,-15.72.10

3501F C=6 ANDBS=AS THEN P RINT TABIO. B) "ARE NICE INST DE-SO WE'LL FORGET THE LOOK 5":SOUND 1,-15,68,10

3601F C=6 ANDB\$()A\$ THEN PRINT TAB(0.6)"IS NICE INS! DE-SO WE'LL FORSET THE LOOK S*:SOUND 1,-15,68,10

370IF GETS()" "THEN PRINT TAB(0.8)* I TOLD YOU TO PR ESS SPACE BAR! ": 6=SET: CLS: 6 OTO 180

380CLS 190G0T0 180

INE PATTERNS

The random doodlings of M.A. Chamberlain



20 REM **** LINE PATTERN 9 1415

30 REM *** M.A.CHAMBERLA IN ***

40 REM ************ *****

50 HODE Z

60 VOU 23,1,0;0;0;0;0: COL OUR 2: PRINT TAB(6,13); "PATT

70 COLOUR 1: PRINT ""PRE SS 'S' TO START" "THE PATT ERN"

80 AS=GETS

90 IF AS="S"THEN 100 ELS

E 90 100 CLS

110 MOVE RND (1500) , RND (17 500): GCOL RND. (16): DRAW RND (1750) , RXD (17500) 120 GOTO 110

EYBOAR

KEYBOARD is a game aimed at teaching you the position of the keys on the keyboard.

Since the program gives you a score related to the time you took to find the key, you'll soon find yourself covering the keys at breakneck speed in order to improve your own high score.

Features of this program include a Top Ten scores

KEN SMITH has turned learning key positions into a challenging game

routine, a procedure for swapping in any scores achieving Top Ten status and an enlarged letter display for a quick visual check.

So if your eyes are having trouble looking for those keys. try Keyboard and watch the score soar as your knowledge of the keyboard increases.



VARIABLES

hs%(n) H¢

High score markers. High scorer strings.

score

Game score. High score check marker, O-false, 1-true, Check to avoid letter being given twice in

a Δ

successive questions. Random character variable. Determines which letter will appear on the screen,

key

Player's response.

A\$

Time bonus to be added to score. New high scorer's name,

PROCEDURES

QH

Enlarges letters to fill text window 8x8 characters large. SWOD

Checks for position of new high score and new high scorer in the Top Ten. Swaps positions and scores.

TOREM KEYBOARD by KEN SH

ITH

20REM (C) ELECTRON USER 30M0DE4

400IH hs2(10),H\$(10) 50FOR T=1 TO 10: READ hs1

(T) . H\$ (T) : NEYT 600NERRORGOTO70

70score=0:P=0:a=0 BOVDU23, 1,0;0;0;0;0; 9070023,48,60,102,102,10

2,102,102,60.0 100VDU28,0,31,39,0:19,0,4

:0:19.1.3:0::CLS 110PRINTTAB(10.3) "+*****

120PRINTTAB(10.5) * KEYBOA RD GAME "

130PRINTTAB(10.7) *******

140PRINT'" This game is to test your knowledge" " of the computer keyboard. "'" You will be asked to find 25 keys. " The comp uter will time you. " ' Th e faster you find the keys the more"'" points you wi 11 score."

150PRINT' Try and get y our name in the Top Ten." 160PRINT ... Press any k ey to continue.": B\$=GET\$: CL

170PRINTTAB(10.1) ******** ********* PRINTTAB(10.2) *TOP

TEN SCORES": PRINTTAB(10.3) ************* 180PRINT'

190FORX=1TO10:PRINTTAB(4) :X:TAB(8);hsI(X):TAB(13) by ": H\$ (X) : PRINT: NEXT

200PRINT ... Press any k ey to start the game." 2108\$=6ET\$:CLS 220F0R6=1 TO 25

230TIME=0 240A=RND (26)+64

2501F A=a THEN 240 ELSE a

260PROCOH 270VDU28.0.31.39.12 280COLDURI 32: COLDUR 3 290PRINTTAB(11.4)*

300PRINTTAB(13,1) "FIND TH IS KEY.

310kev=GFT 320IF key=A THEN PRINTTAB (16,4) "CORRECT!": SOUND1,-15 ,200,5:60TD340

3301F key()A THEN PRINTTA B(12,4) "WRONG! TRY AGAIN,": SOUND1,-15,50,10:delay=INKE Y (1001: 60T0290

340PRINTTAB(8.7) Time tak en = ":TIME/100:TAB(19):"se conds."

350k=INT(30/(TIME/1001) 360score=score+k 370PRINTTAB(14,10) "SCORE

= ":SCORE 380PRINTTAB(1.13) "HIGH SC ORE = ":hsl(1);" by ":H\$(1)

390A=32: PROCQH 400NEXT G:CLS 410VDU28.0.31.39.12:CLS

420PRINTTAB(10.10) "FINAL SCORE = ":score:PRINTTAB(1. 13) "HIGH SCORE = ": hs%(1):" by ": H\$ (1)

430IF score)hs2(10) THEN P=1:ELSE490

440IF P=1 THEN INPUTTABIS .16) Type in your name then press RETURN, " 'SPC (5) . As 450IF LEN A\$>18 THEN SOUN D1.-15.100.10: PRINTTAB (0.18) SPC (39):60T0440

460PROCEWOD: PRINTTAB (1,13) SPC (39)

470PRINTTAB(1,13) "HIGH SC ORE = ":hsX(1);" by ":H\$(1) 480PRINTTAB(3.18) SPC(36): PRINTTAB(0.18) SPC(39)

490PRINTTAB(3.16) "To star t a new game press any key. ":C\$=6ET\$:score=0:A=32:PROC GH: GOTO100

500DEFPROCOH 510V0U28,15,11,25,3 520FOR AX=0 TO 2 STEP 2:P I=4000: COPT AT: S: CI C: ROL 47 0: BCC SP:LDA#255: JSR&FFEE: J MP C:.SP:LDA#32:JSR#FFEE:.C :LDARTO: BED FIJMP SI.FIRTS: DENETT AT

530VDU23,255.0,618,67E.67 E. LFF . 67F . 47F . LIR 540VBU19.0.4:0:19.1.3:0:

550T=4C000+(8+(A-32)) 560FOR B=T TO T+7:2870=2R : CALLADOO: PRINT: NEXT

570ENDPROC 580DEEPROCSWOOD 590FOR P=10 TO 2 STEP -1

600[Fscore)hs1(P-1)THENhs I(P)=hsI(P-1):HS(P)=H\$(P-1) ELSEhsX(P)=score:H\$(P)=A\$(E NOPROC

610NEXT 820 hsI(1)=score:H\$(1)=A\$ 630ENDPROC

640DATA300. I.M. BUICK 650DATA275.U. BEATHE 660DATA250.A.LOSER 670DATA225.IVOR NOTHERED 680DATAZOO, ANN CUFFS

690DATA175,T.V.SET 700DATA150, JOE KING 710DATA125.R.U. READY

720DATA100.WILL E.WIN 730DATA75.1.M.LAST This listing is included in

this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

5





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BOOK! SHELF

Genuinely practical

Practical Programs for the Flectron by Owen and Audrey Bishop (Granada).

I HAVE seen books of practical programs before. and they often prove a laborious means of performing the trivial.

This book, I am pleased to report, is of a considerably higher calibre, and the listings could be genuinely useful.

There are 14 listings, which, works out at a very modest 42 p per program, and most Electron users will find plenty to interest them here.

The range of subjects is as wide as the Electron's capabilities, and include graphics, sound and spreadsheet programs.

As usual with Granada, their listings are computer dumped, so that there is little likelihood of an error creeping

There is also a section on errors which might appear when tired fingers hit the wrong keys, and this shows a heinful and well thought-out attitude to the users of the book

I found no errors in the listings, although I do confess to a few creeping in via my typing.

Each program is clearly annotated with helpful explanations of the routines used, and there are copious notes on alterations which might be tried. An interesting note is that the programs will be compatible with discs when we all upgrade.

Info File on its own would be worth the cost of this book. being a very adaptable datafile



appear less useful, such as the one to plan a room such as a kitchen.

Supersound tames the Sound and Envelope commands of the Electron, and allows sounds and sound effects to be designed, adapted and played around

Cashflow was fascinating. producing a spreadsheet of one's finances - again this will be of use to many.

Overall it is a book which contains 14 useful listings, but more than that it will allow the user to gain familiarity with the micro so that one's own programming more closely resembles the well-structured approach of the Bishops.

Top of the list

Creative Assembler by Johnathan Griffiths (Penquinl.

TWO thirds of this book is devoted to discussing the

writing large assembly language programs with many routines listed, and one third is devoted to the novice programmer.

When I tell you that the author Johnathan Griffiths wrote Acornsoft's JCB Digger and Snapper you will get an idea of the standard of programming the author is attempting to teach.

The middle section contains explanations of macros, conditional assembly and how to create macro source files. Several examples are listed.

Section three is specifically aimed at programmers who are writing arcade games in assembly language. A number of routines are listed which

book is an introduction to assembly language and the assembler. I would not really recommend it for the beginner as the jump to the second and third sections is too great.

available that are more suit-

This is an absolute godsend for anyone struggling to write arcade games in machine code. Johnathan Griffiths' discussion of macros and program structure, and his routine for poking the screen are fantastic, making this an absolute must.

There are other books

Put it at the top of your shopping list immediately.

Roland Waddilove

ABC of assembly

Beyond Basic by Richard Freeman (BBC NEC).

REVOND Basic is written for anyone who has a good grasp of Basic and who wants to learn how to program in assembly lanquage.

The chapters include addition and subtraction, jumps, addressing modes, multiplication and division, and operating system calls.

The reader is taken from his first assembly language program - simply loading the accumulator with a number to sorting a Basic string array. Each step along the way is explained very simply and clearly.

There are many exercises at each stage to test the reader's



can be incorporated into your own programs. Very little explanation is given and the reader is left to

puzzle out how they work. This section is just what the advanced programmer needs, and is the only book I have seen with an explanation of how to poke the screen directly to move characters around.

An example game is listed at the end which is a mixture of Basic and assembler.

Although one third of the

					Au h		Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Hay
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Bug	Seb	7	A	9	10	11	42	13	14
		1	2	3	550	550	550	550	550	550	600	600	600	600	600
A.	INCOME	550	530	550		100			100	100	100	100	100	150	100
₿	HOUSE	150	100	100	-100				120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Ç	CAR	65	65	65	120	120			188	189	190	191	192	193	1.94
b	FOOD	181	182	183	184	185		187						15	12
Ē	FUEL	15	15	15	15	15		30	30		72	92			146
F	HOL I DAY	107	131	154	170	0		24	38			565			613
6	SAVINGS	367	458	530	539	545			493		533				123
H	CLOTHES	73	92	106	108	109	110	99	.99	98	107	113	110	110	****

From Page 43

understanding of the important principals involved.

There are several books around now which aim to teach assembly language programming, but in my opinion this is by far the best text for beginners.

There is a cassette available which has all the programs in the book on it. If you're the lazy type, you can load each program from tape instead of tapping it in at the keyboard.

This is an excellent manual, which I strongly recommend.

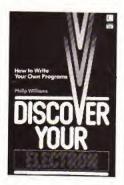
Roland Waddilove

Room to doodle

Discaver Your Electron by Philip Williams (Century Publishing).

YES, the price really is just £2.95, and it contains 120 pages of information about how to program the Electron.

One slight drawback to this



seemingly lovely state of affairs is that each page measures over 12cm in width, yet the text only covers some 7cm.

Some of the enormous margin space is occasionally filled with diagrams, but mostly it simply contains huge titles which emphasise the space even more.

So perhaps Mr Williams could have condensed the book into about 70 pages of

normally spaced script, but I don't suppose it would have seemed such good value . . .

Still, back to the book, which is subtitled 'How to write your own programs'.

The reader willing to try out the ideas as they are broached in the course of the book will doubtless gain much which will help towards writing programs for the Electron.

It really covers less ground than the excellent Users' Manual, but perhaps Mr Williams scores by making the steps through the book small and simple enough for the average reader to follow quite happily.

I wasn't too sure why the author explains GOTO and GOSUB at some length before he introduces the idea of a PROCedure.

As I said earlier, there is nothing at all in this book which is not dealt with in the manual. But it is user-friendly – to use the Jargon – and for £2.95 it will give many people a little more encouragement as they move from playing with their Electron for is it the Electron playing with you? I to making it do as it is told.

A useful stocking filler perhaps, and plenty of room to doodle in the margins!

Phil Tayler



Discover Your Electron leaves ample margins for notes



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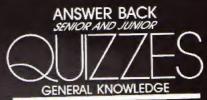
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Notebook

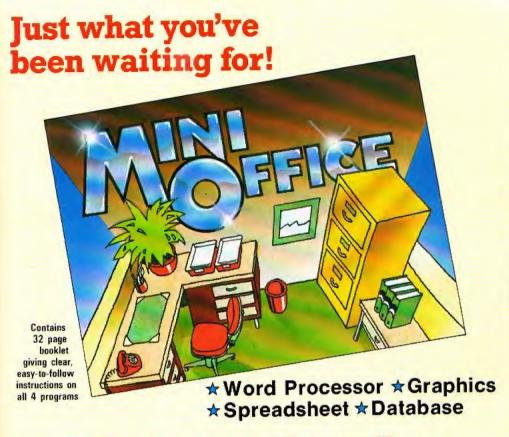
THIS month's program comes from Barry Pretsell Glasgow. It uses the PLOT 85 command to produce random triangles on the screen, making a



Rem's	10 REM TRIANGLES
	20 REM BARRY PRETSELL
-	30 MODE 2
	0 (50 REPEAT
	60 GCOL 0, RND (16)
ema/	70 DRAW RND(1280),RND(12
loop	80 PLOT 85, RND (1280), RND
	90 SOUND 1,-15,RND(200).
-	100 IF INKEY(-99) THEN RE PEAT UNTIL INKEY(-74)

		- 110
	Line !	Vos
Sets Mode	10,20	
off cursor	30,40	The usual REMs to name the program and who wrote it. These select the 16 colour mode (Mode 2) and suite.
Selects random	50,110	cursor. These form as a series
colour	70	UNTIL loop.
Draws	80	Draws a baseline to the triangle.
triangles	-90	pick the third point
	100	Just makes a noise as the triangle is drawn.
- Pause facility		Causes the program to pause if the space bar is pressed (INKEY(-99)) and wait until the Return key is pressed.

Y(-99)) and (INKEY(-74))



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Star Fighter listing

From Page 15

10REM *** STAR FIGHTER * 20REM * By R.A. Waddilove 30REH 40PROCinitialise SOMBDE 1 **AOPROCinstructions** 70MODE 2: VDU 23.1.0:0:0:

BORFPEAT 9001=TRUE: 71=0: P1=44: H1=

LOOREPEAT 110PROCscreen: PROCa 120REPEAT: IFSX(22&ANDRND(10)=1PROCE

130PROCE: PROCE: IFINKEY (-7 41 PROCE

140UNT11 P1(20RHX=10 1501F P%)1PROCnext ELSE P ROCcrash

160UNTIL PX<2 170PROCend IRDUNTIL INSTR("No", key\$)

190MODE6: +FX229.0 200PRINT "STAR FIGHTER W

as by" "by R.A. Waddilove " :: *FX15.0

210*FX4.0 220#FX17.0 230END

746 2500FF PROCinitialise

260+FX11.0 270+FX4.1 280+FX229.1

290*KEY10, "OLD : MRUN: H" 300DIHp2(44.1).name\$(2).5 core%(2):name\$(0)="R.A.Wadd

":score%(0)=500 0:name\$(1)=name\$(0):score%(1)=3000:name\$(2)=name\$(0):s core1(2)=1000

310JY=44:FORIX=9810450STE P8:p1(J1,0)=810+40+COS(RADI 1):01(J1,1)=150+30+SIN(RADI 1): JZ=JZ-1: NEXT

320VDU 23,224,66,153,189, 255, 255, 189, 153, 66

330VDU 23,225,68,146,186, 254, 254, 186, 146, 68 340VDU 23.226.0.36.66.90.

126,90,66,36 350VDU 23,227,0,0,36,90.1

26.90.36.0 360VDU 23,228,0,0,36,60,6 0.36.0.0

370VDU 23,229,0,0,20,28,2 0,0,0,0

380VDU 23,230,0,0,0,16,16 .0.0.0

390VDU 23.231.0.0.0.0.16. 0.0.0

400VDU 23,232,0,0,24,24,2 4.0.0.0

410VDU 23,233,170,85,170. 85,170,85,170,85

420ENVELDPE1,1,-4,-2,-1,1 5,10,10,0,0,0,0,0,0 430ENVELOPE2.1.-8.-8.-8.1

00.1.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0

440ENDPROC

460REM new ship

201 "()": VDUS: XX=RND (500) +30 0: YX=RND (200) +700: MX=4: NX=-4: SX=231:6COL3.8: MOVEXX. YX: TIME=0:FDR1%=1T02000:IFTIME

490NFYT: VOUST: TIME=0: IFNO

TDZHZ=0 500ENDPROC

520DEFPROCscreen

530PROCcolour off: PROCsky :PROCoround: PROCwindow: PROC sights: PROCinstruments: PROC colour_on

540ENDPROC

560DEF PROCcolour_off

SHOFNDPROD

600DEF PROCeplour on 610FOR[12=8T013: VDU19, [2.7 : 01: NEXT: IFDIVDU19.3.5:0:19 .6,6:0:19,14,6:0:19,4,4:0:1 9.5.3:0:ELSEVDU19.3.4:0:19. 6.1:0:19.14.1:0:19.4.0:0:19 .5,6:0;

620VDU 19.7.0:0:19.15.0:0

630ENDPROC

440 ASODEF PROCuround 660YX=604: CX=1: WX=2: REPEA

T:FORIX=1TOWXDIV2:YX=YX-4:6 COLO, CIMOD3: MOVEO, YI: DRAW12 80. YZ: NEIT: WI=WI+1: CI=CI+1: UNTILY1(200: VDU29, 540: 0: : GC

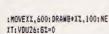
470DEF PROCa AROPROCE: VDU4: PRINTTAB(9.

320PROCE: TIME=0

550 570FORIX=0T014: VDU19.11.0 :0::NEXT: VDU19.15.9:0:

590

DLO.3: FORXX = -640TO640STEP16



670ENDPROC

A9ODEF PROCinstruments

700GCOLO. 6: MOVEO. 270: DRAW 400.470: DRAW880.470: DRAW128 0,270: MOVE 200,0: DRAW400,100 DRAWS80, 100: DRAW1080, 0: MDV E400.100: DRAW400.470: MOVE88 0.100: DRAWB80, 470: MOVEO, 245 : DRAW380, 435: DRAW380, 110: DR AW160.0: MOVE1115.0: DRAW900. 110: DRAW900, 435: DRAW1279, 24

710FORIX=400T0450STEP8: MO VE420.12:PLOT17.460.0:NEXT: FOR1%=275T0325STEP8:MDVE420 . IZ: PLOT17. 460.0: NEXT: FORIX =114T02005TEP8:MOVE420,IX:P LOT17,316,0: NEXT

720VDU29.640:50::MOVE20.0 :FORIX=OTO360STEP60:MOVEO.O :PLOTES.30*COS(RADIX).30*SI N(RADIZ): NEXT: FORRZ=400TG43 2STEP8: MOVERI, 0: FORIZ=380TD 160STEP-20: DRAWRI+COS (RADII) . RI+SIN (RADII) : NEIT.

730MDVE0.0: MGVE-400.-50:P LDT85.0.-20: MGVEO.0: MGVE400 .-50: PLOT85.0, -20: VDU26: 6CO LO.8: MOVE480.436: VDU5: PRINT *RANGE*: MOVE480.315: PRINT*S CORE": MOVE416, 160: PRINT"POW ER": VDU4: COLOUR135: COLOUR5: PRINTTAB(8.24): ZX: GCOLO. B: M OVES10.150: DRAWp%(P%,0),p%(

740MOVEBAG. 150: FORIX=10TO 340STEP10: DRAW810+50#CDS (RA DIZ) .150+40+SIN(RADIZ): NEXT 750ENDPROC 740

770REM move ship 780DEF PROCE

790AZ=XX+MX+16+(INKEY(-73)-INKEY(~88)): IFAI>13500RAI (-100AI=II

800BI=YI+NI+16+(INKEY(-65)-INKFY(-7)):[FBT):1000RBT(5009I=Y1

BIOMOVEXX, YX

B201FS1=224ORTIME<500VDUS 1: MOVEAL, BX: VDUSIEL SEVDUSI: MOVEAY, BZ: VDUSX-1: SX=SX-1: T IME=0

ARAYY = AY: YX = RY: IFRND (5) =1 MI=RND(33)-17: NI=RND(33)-17 B401FS1=224ENDPROC

850FOR11=0T820+(S1-224):N EXT: VDU4: PRINTTAB(9, 20);5+(5%-225) : CHR\$32: VDU5

BAGENDPROC

RHOREM fire laser 890DEF PROCe

900PRDCc: GCDL3, 15: MOVEB10 ,150: DRAWpI(PI,0).pX(PI,1): PZ=PZ-1: HDVE810, 150: DRAWpZ(PZ.0).07(PZ.1):6COL3,8:5DUN D1.1.100.7: HOVE388.504: DRAW 640.690: MOVE872.504: DRAW640 .690: MBVE388,504: DRAW640,69 0: MOVER72.504: DRAW&40.690: I FPOINT (640, 690) ()12ENDPROC

910PRDCc: TIME=0: ZZ=ZX+100 # (SI-223): VDU4: PRINTTAB(8.2 41: ZI: VDU5: HX=HX+1: AX=XX: BX

From Page 53

=Y1: M1=X1: N1=Y1: R1=8*RND(4) : MOVEX1, Y2: VDUS1: IFS1(227S1 =232ELSES1=230

920FORIX=1TO20: MOVEAX, B2: VDUSX: MOVEMX, NX: VDUSX: MOVEX X, YX: VDUSX: SOUND&10, -15, RND (4)+3,10: FORJX=1TO10: IFTIME >20PROCC: TIME=0

930NEXT: MOVEAX, 82: VDUSX: M OVEMX. NX: VDUSX: MOVEXX, YX: VD USX: AX=AX=2*RX: 8X=8X-RX: MX= MX+2*RX: NX=NX-RX: YX=YX+RX: N

EXT: 1FHI<10PROCa 940ENDPROC

950

960REM move ground forwar

970DEF PROCC

9806%=(6%+1)MOD3:1F6%=2VD U19,2,0;0;19,1,2;0;

9901F6%=19DU19,1,0;0;19,0

1000IFG1=0VDU19,0,0;0;19,2

1010ENDPROC 1020

1030DEF PROCwindow 10405COL0,7:MOVE0,300:MOVE

400,300: PLOTB5,400,500: PLOT 85,880,300: PLOTB5,880,500: P LOT85,1280,300: MOVE1280,0: P LOTB5,0,300: PLOTB5,0,0: MOVE

0,910:MDVEO,880:PLDT85,400, 500:PLDT85,364,480:MDVE1280, 910:MDVE1280,880:PLDT85,88

10506CDL0,6:MOVEO,300:DRAW 364,480:DRAW0,880:MOVEO,916 :DRAW400,500:DRAW880,500:DR AW1280,916:MOVE1280,878:DRA

M920,480:DRAW1280,300 1060ENDPROC

1070 1080DEF PROCsights

10906CDL0,6:MOVE560,640:DR AM540,640:DRAM540,660:MOVE5 60,740:DRAM540,740:DRAM540, 720:MOVE720,640:DRAM740,640

:DRAW740,660:MOVE720,740:DR AW740,740:DRAW740,720

AM740,740:DRAW740,7: 1100ENDPRDC

1110

1120DEF PROCSKY 1130VDU4:COLOUR 132:COLOUR 15:CLS:PRINT TAB(0,30)*Set ting Up Screen 4*;:PROCtune :IFDXPRINT;1;:GCOLO,5ELSEPR INT:2::FORIX=:TD100:5C0L0.R ND(6)-1:PL0T69,RND(1280),RN

D(400)+600:NEXT:BCOLO,4 1140VDUZ9,100;924:MGVE100 .0:FORIX=0T0360STEF10:MGVE0 .0:PLOT85,100+COS(RADIX),10 0*SIN(RADIX):NEXT:IF DX VDU 24:ENDRADIX

1150GCOLO,4:PLOT69,640,690 :SCOLO,5:FORIX=270T0450STEP 2:XX=100*COS(RADIX):YX=100* SIN(RADIX):NX=1:FORJX=-XXT0 XXSTEPS:NX=NX+1:IFRND(NX)<4

PLOT69, JZ, YZ -1160NEXT,: VDU26 1170ENDPROC 1180

1190REM ship fires back 1200DEF PROCE

1210IFDIVDU19,4,8;0;ELSEVD U19,4,5;0; 1220PROCc: SOUND1,2,250,5;6

T220-RDC2-SBOND1,2,200,358

COL3,15:MOVE810,150:DRAMp1/
PX,01,pX(PX,1):PI=PX-1:MOVE
810,150:DRAMpX(PX,0),pX(PX,
1):8COL3,8:*FX19

1230#FX19 1240IFD%VDU19,4,4;0;ELSEVD

U19,4,0;0; 1250ENDPROC

1260 1270DEF PROChext

1280PROCc:PROCtume:DX=FALS E:HX=0:PX=43:VDU4.19,15,8;0 ::COLOURI32:COLOURI3:PRINTT AB(1,31) *Survived Screen #1 *;:FORIX=0T02000:IFTIME>20P

ROC::TIME=0 1290NEXT:PROC::PROCtune:PR INTTAB(1,31)**** Stand By ! ***"::FORIX=0T02000:IFTIME >25PPDC::TIME=0

>25PROCc:TIME=0 1300NEXT 1310ENDPROC

1320 1330DEF PROCtune

1340SOUND1,-15,60,3:SOUND1 ,-15,80,3:SOUND1,-15,96,3:S OUND1,-15,88,10:SOUND1,-15,

108,15 1350ENDPROC

1370DEF PROCerash

1380VDU4:FORTX=1T050:SOUND \$10,-15,4,5:VDU30,11:EDLDUR RND(16):VDU31,RND(19),RND(2 9),233,233,8,8,10,233,233:+

1390VDU31,0,31,10:NEXT

1400SDUND&10,-15,5,40:SOUN D0,-15,6,250

1410VDU4:FORIX=11050:VDU30 ,11:COLOURRND(16):VDU31,RND (19),RND(29),233,233,8,8,10

.233,233: *FX19 1420VDU31,0,31,10: NEXT

1430SOUND&10,0,0,0 1440FORIX=1T02000:NEXT

1450ENDPROC 1460

1470DEF PROCend 1480GCDL0.7

1490MDVE0,0:MDVE1280,0:PLD T85,640,512:PLDT85,1280,102 4:PLDT85,0,1024:MDVE0,0:PLD T85,640,512

1500COLDUR128: VDU19,0,0;0;

1510VDU22,1,19,1,6;0;:PROC tune

1520CDLGUR2:PRINT *****
**::COLOUR3:PRINT STAR FI
6HTER SCORES *::COLOUR2:P

RINT******** 1530VBU28,0,30,39,8 1540IF ZX)scoreX(2) PROChi

_score 1550CLS:COLOUR1

1560PRINT" 1. ";scare% (0):TAB(15);name\$(0)''"

2, "(score%(1);TAB(15);nam e\$(1)''" 3. "(score%(2);TAB(15);name\$(2)''''CHR\$17 ;CHR\$2;STRING\$(36,"s") 1570COLOUR3:PRINT''''Do y

ou want to play again ?" :C OLOUR1:PRINT" (Y or N)"; 1580REPEAT key\$=GET\$ 1590UNTIL INSTR("YYNn", key

1600CLS: VDU22, 2, 23, 1,0;0;0 ;0; 1610ENDPROC

1630DEF PROChi_score 1640*FX21.0

1650CLS:COLOUR1:PRINT*Your score is ranked "; 16601F IX)=scoreX(0) PRINT 'first.":INPUT''What is yo

"first.":INPUT'' What is your name...";name\$(0):score% (0)=ZX:ZX=0

1670IF Z%)=score%(1) AND Z %(score%(0) PRINT*second.": INPUT''*What is your name... "iname%(1):score%(1)=Z%:Z%

1680IF IX>=scoreX(2) AND I

%(score%(i) PRINT*third.*:I NPUT''*What is your name... *iname\$(2):score%(2)=Z%:Z%=

1690]F LENname\$(2%)>20 nam e\$(2%)=LEFT\$(name\$(2%),20) 1700ENDPROC

1710 1720DEF PROCinstructions 1730CDLDUR130:CLS:COLDUR12

1740VDU23,1,0;0;0;0;0;28,4,5 ,35,1,12

1750PRINT "TAB(6) "STAR FIS HTER PILOT"

1760VDU26,28,1,30,38,7,12 1770PRINT'" Bandits have been raiding the planet"'" M1101/3 which aust be prot

ected at"." all costs."
1780PRINT''' You are on y
our last mission, a one"'
" way trip to fame and olor

y -"
1790PRINT''' Shoot down a
s eany raiders as you"'' c
an before your power runs o
et."

1800PRINT'''* Press space.
..*::VDU7

1810REPEAT UNTIL SET=32 1820CLS 1830PRINT*** The further a

way the ship is when"'" you u hit it, the more points you get."'" Your laser use sup power- be careful"'" not to miss, and if you get too"" close, the enemy ships fire photon"

1840PRINT'" torpedoes which drain your power."

1850PRINT'''" Press space
...'1:VDU7
1860REPEAT UNTIL GET=32

1870CLS
1880PRINT'' Your controls

are :-"" UP = CAPS LK/F UNC" DOWN = CTRL" LEF T = :"" RIGHT = :"" FIR E = RETURN"

1890PRINT''' Press space

1900REPEAT UNTIL BET=32 1910ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

TEST YOUR SPELLING

... with this entertaining and educational game by STEVE LUCAS

THIS program was written to help children with their spelling.

Very young children find difficulty relating the capital letters on the keyboard to their equivalent small letters so the only response required by them is hitting the space bar.

When the program is run you will be asked how many children are to use it. The program stores details of the performance of each child so that the teacher or parent can check their progress. You are given the option of turning off the sound effects.

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A wrong answer causes the computer to display what the correct response should have been, together with the alternative selected. A correct answer increments the score.

VARIABLES

Pupil number SC(X) Scoree AD

Random choice of start question DX Number of answer selected

A\$(X,Y) Holds the words

N\$(X) Pupil's name XX.VV

Used for sound effects AAS Holds keyboard response B\$(X) Holds definitions

A%(X) Holds number of correct answer

PROCEDURES

PROCtitles PROCread_data PROCerror **PROCcorrect**

PROCwrong **PROCspacebar PROCyes**

PROCno

Gives instructions Reads data into arrays Error handling Correct response

Wrong answer Waits for space bar to be pressed Prints results to printer (if available) Prints results to screen in paged mode

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From Page 55

10 REM SPELLING ... for t he ACORN ELECTRON and BSC a odel B (0.S. 1.2)

20 REM BY STEVE LUCAS 30 REM (C) ELECTRON USE

40 REM an educational pr ogras

50 REM which can be adap ted for pupils of all ages 60 #F16.0

70 REM THE ABOVE LINE SE TS THE PRINTER IGNORE CHARA CTER. only relevant if prin ter is attached.

80 REM When you have ful ly debugged this program, C HANGE this line to *FX229.1 to disable the Escape key. ...essential in a classroom!

90 ON ERROR MODES: PROCE FEOR

100 FKEY TO DED!N BUN!N 110 REM next line turns o

120 #FX210.0

130 MODES

140 REM turn off cursor

150 VDU23,1,0;0;0;0;0;

160 REM increase the dime nsions of the arrays in the next line if you add more Vocab !

170 DIMA\$ (61,4),AZ (61),B\$ (61) .N\$ (50)

180 VDU19,0.3,0,0,0

190 VDU19, 1, 4, 0, 0, 0 200 PROCtitles

210 PROCread data : REM RE AD DATA FOR QUESTIONS

220 CLS: INPUTTAB(2.10): "H ow many children are there *:nueber

230 INPUT " "Do you want sound (Y)es or (N)o ", soun

240 IF sounds="N" THEN #F ¥210.1

250 DIM SC(number): REM AR RAY HOLDS SCORES

260 MODE4: VDU19,0,1,0,0,0 .19.1.7.0.0.0: REM CHOOSE FO RGROUND/BACKGROUND COLOURS 270 FOR X=1 TO number

280 SC(X)=0: REM SET SCORE TO TERO

290 REM choose random oue stion

300 AD=RND (50)

310 FOR IP=1 TO 10: REM 5 et ten questions

320 REM now print the wor ds in background colour 330 VDU23.1.0:0:0:0:0:

340 PRINTTAB(2,1) press (space bar) when the correct

350 PRINT' spelling of t he word is shown."

360 PRINTTAB(2.30):8\$(AD) 370 REM flush keyboard bu ffer

380 +FX15.0

390 PP=1 400 REPEAT

410 VOU7: REM Use any sou nd effect to suit

420 PRINTTAB(10, PP+5):A\$(AD PP

430 TIME=0

440 REPEAT UNTIL TIME >10 O :REM adjust time delay to

450 PRINTTAB(0.PP+5); STRI N6\$ (40," ")

460 PP=PP+1

470 IF PP)4 THEN PP=1

480 UNTIL INKEY\$(0)=" " 490 LET DY=PP-1

500 IFDX=0 THEN DX=4: REM DX = THE NUMBER OF THE ANS WER SELECTED

510 IFAX (AD) = DX THEN PROC correct ELSE PROCMrong: REM CHOOSE PROCEEDURE FOR RIGH T/MRONG ANSWER

520 AB=AD+1: REM INCREMEN T'S THE QUESTION SET

530 CLS: NEXT XP: REM SET NEXT QUESTION

540 CLS: INPUTTAB(5,10); *W hat is your name ".N\$(X): R EM NS(X) holds names of pun ils. Make sure that the arr ay is DIMensioned large end ugh

550 PRINT TAB(2,16); "You scored :- ":SC(X):" out o £ 10 1"

560 IF XOnumber THEN PRI

NT TAB(1,20); Now let the n ext pupil have a go" ELSE P RINT TAB(1,20); please call the teacher"

570 PRINT TAB (5, 24): "Pres s (space bar) when ready"

580 REPEAT UNTIL SET=32 : REM wait for space bar

590 CLS 600 NEXT X: REM NEXT CHIL

0'8 60

610 REM routine to print the results..needs a printe r and interface

620 CLS: PRINT TAB(2,10): "do you have a printer atta ched ?": REPEAT AAS=BETS :U NTIL AAS="Y" OR AAS="N"

630 IF AA\$="Y" THEN PROCY es ELSE PROCon

640 CLS

650 PRINT TAB(0,15); "Do v ou want to play again? (Y)e s/(N)o*

660 REPEAT

670 AAS=GETS

680 UNTIL AA\$="Y" OR AA\$=

690 IF AA\$="Y" THEN RUN E LSE MODE6: PRINTTAB(0.15):" Thank you for playing, Good bye. ": END

700 FND

710 DEFPROCTITIES

720 PRINT TAB(10) SPELLIN 6 DH17*

730 PRINT TAB(8,2); "An ed ucational came"

740 PRINT" This program will keep the score for"

750 PRINT groups of up to 50 children.

760 PRINT You can get the results printed out "'lat

770 PRINT You will be fir st asked how many pupils th ere are."

780 PRINT "Each quoil wil I then be presented with t en questions chosen at rand

790 PRINT'*The aim of the program is to select the c orrect spelling of spee com mon words."

800 PRINT Press the (SPAC E BAR) when you think th e correct spelling is displ aved."

810 PRINT TAB(5, 24); *PRES S (SPACE BAR) TO CONTINUE": 820 REM WAIT FOR SPACE BA

830 REPEAT UNTIL SET=32

940 CLS: ENDPROC

850 DEFPROCread data 860 RESTORE

870 FOR ZZ=1 TO 60

880 FOR YX=1 TO 4 890 READ A\$(ZZ.YZ)

900 NEXT YY

910 READ AZ(ZZ), B\$(ZZ) 920 NEXT ZX

930 ENDPROD

940 REM data for question s contains 4 alternative an swers, number or correct on e and definition

950 DATA capital kapital. capitol, capertal, 1, of chief importance

960 DATA dissappointing.d isappointing, disappinting, d issappinting. 2.not up to ex pectation

970 DATA whiget, whippet, w ippet, whippit, 2, a type of d

980 DATA transperent.tran sparent, transparant, transpe rant.2.can be seen through

990 DATA nececity, necesit y, necessety, necessity, 4, som ething which is needed

1000 DATA asasination.assa ssination, assasination, asas sination, 2, murder

1010 DATA bronkitis, bronch itis, bronchituus, broncitis, 2, an illness

1020 DATA centenary, centen ery,centanery,sentenery,1,h undredth anniversary

1030 DATA sentrafugal.cent rafugal, centrifugul, centrif ugal, 4, force of a spinning object

1040 DATA conventional.com vensional conventional konv ensional, 1, the normal respo

1050 DATA alocation, alocca tion, allocation, allocation, 3.to assign

1060 DATA compulsory,compulsory,compulsory,l,something you have to d

1070 DATA controler,contro 11or,controller,controlor,3 .person in charge

1080 DATA calendar, calende r,callendar,callender,1,tab le of the year's dates

1090 DATA appreciate, apreciate, apreciate, apreciete, appresiate, 1 .set a high value on

1100 DATA style, styal, stia 1, stile, 1, design

1110 DATA sterilise, steral ise, steralize, sterilize, 4, t o get rid of microbes

1120 DATA sindicate, syndic ate, syndecate, sindecate, 2, g roup of people

1130 DATA tempreture, tempe rature, tempereture, tempratu re.2.degree of heat

1140 DATA hidrogen,hydrgen hydrogen,hydrogen,3,a chem ical element

1031 element 1150 DATA bugerigar, bugari qar, budgerigar, budgeregar, 3 ,a type of bird

1160 DATA administer, admin ster, adminester, adminestar, 1.look after affairs

1170 DATA pharmacy, pharmac cy, pharmacy, pharmacy, 4, che mists shop

1180 DATA possession,poses ion,possesion,possesion,possesion,possesion,1,0

1190 DATA retaleate, retali ate, retalyate, retalate, 2, ge t your own back

1200 DATA stomach, stumuch, stomache, stomake, 1, part of the body

1210 DATA rhithm.rithm.rhy them.rhythm.4.part of music 1220 DATA sucessful, successful, successful, successful, occessful, 3.d o it correctly

1230 DATA substansial, substanshul, substantial, substantial, substantial, substantial, 3, not inconsiderable

1240 DATA spatious, spachio us, spasious, spacious, 4, plen ty of room

1250 DATA oxigen,oxegen.ox ejun.oxygen.4.a gas

1260 DATA orchid, orkid, orc hyd, orcid, 1, flowering plant

1270 DATA navigation, navig ashion, navigation, navigation, 1, sail a ship on course 1280 DATA necesary, neccess ary, necessary, neccesary, 3, n

1290 DATA mecanical, mechan ical, mecanicle, mecanicol, 2, works by machinery

1300 DATA imposibal, impossible, impossible, impossable, 2 .not allowed

1310 DATA idolise,idolize, idlise,idlize,2,to love

1320 DATA halucination, hal lucination, hallucinatian, ha lucinatian, 2, illusion

1330 DATA forcable, forcible, forsable, forsible, 2, done using force

1340 DATA extraction, extra cshion, extraktion, extracsio n,1, take out

1350 DATA envelope, henvelo pe, envylope, envalope, l, used for sending letters

1360 DATA endles, hendles, a ndlless, endless, 4, without a nd

1370 DATA computer,computa r,computter,computur,1,an e lectronic machine

1380 DATA situation, sithua tion, situasion, situachion, I position you are in

1390 DATA assembel, assemble, assemble, assemble, asembel, 2, bring together

1400 DATA acumalate, accumu late, acumalate, accumerlate, 2.heap up

1410 DATA content, contant, contents, kontent, 1, satisfie d

1420 DATA expreshum.expresion.expression. J.wording or phrase 1430 DATA encountar.encoun tur, encountter, encounter, 4, close contact

1440 DATA manual,manuel,ma nuarl,manurl,l,done by hand 1450 DATA flasching,flashz ing,flachsing,flashing,f,a lamp turning on & off

1460 DATA ampliffier.ampli fier.ammplyfier.amplyfier.2 .makes louder

1470 DATA whasteful, wastfu 11.wastefull, wasteful, 4, not economical

1480 DATA figure, fighure, p higure, phigre, 1, shape

1490 DATA concider consider r,considere concider, 2, cont emplate

1500 DATA vibrasion, vibrat ion, vibrasian, vabratian, 2. a ove continuously

1510 DATA altaring, altering, altering, alturing, haltering, 2, chan ging

1520 DATA probable, probabley, probably, probably, probably, probably, 3, most likely

1530 DATA complicated,comp lhicated,complecated,compla cated.1.involved

1540 DATA casette, cassette ,casete,cassete,2,type of t ane

1550 DATA contol,kontroll, controll,control,4,power of directing and restraining 1560 DEFFROCCORRECT RESPONSE OUTINE FOR CORRECT RESPONSE 1570 CLS: PRINT TAB(10,10)

1580 REM choose sound effe

I'CBRRECT!"

1590 FOR XX=1 TO 3: FOR YY =1 TO 255 STEP3: SOUND 1,-1 5,YY.0: NEXT YY.XX

1600 LET SC(X)=SC(X)+1: RE
M INCREMENT THE SCORE OF TH
E Xth PUPIL!

. 1610 PROCspacebar 1620 ENDPROC

1630 DEF PROCWFONG

OR INCORRECT RESPONSE 1650 PRINT TAB(15,10); "W r

o n g !" 1660 PRINT TAB(0,15);"It w is : 1="

1670 PRINT TAB(20,15);A\$(A D,A%(AD)): REM CORRECT SPEL

1680 PRINT "You guessed : -".A\$(AD.DI)

1690 REM SOUND EFFECT FOR WRONG ANSWER

1700 FOR XX=1 TO 3: FOR YY =150 TO 50 STEP-1

1710 SOUND 1,-15,YY,0: NEX T YY,XX

1720 PROCspacebar

1730 ENDPROC 1740 DEFPROCVES

1750 VDUZ: REM TURN PRINTER

1760 PRINT"Name", "Score ou t of ten"

1770 FOR X=1 TO number 1780 PRINT N\$(X),SC(X): NE

XT X

1790 VDU3 : REM TURN PRINTE R DFF AGAIN

1800 ENDPROC

1810 DEFPROCHO

1820 VDU14: REM SELECT PAG ED MODE

1830 CLS

1640 PRINT"Name", "Score ou t of ten"

1850 FOR X= 1 TO number

1860 PRINT NS(X),SC(X)

1880 PRINT TAB(5,24); "Pres s (SPACE BAR) to continue"

1890 REPEAT UNTIL GET=32 1900 VDU14: REM PAGED MODE DEF

1910 ENDPROC

1920 DEFPROCERTOR
1930 CLS:PRINT "";:REPORT:
PRINT " at line "ERL

1940 END

1950 ENDPROC

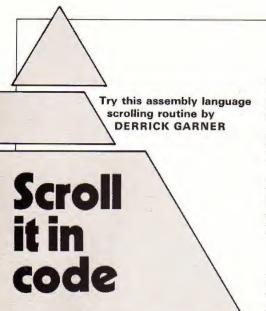
1960 DEFPROCspacebar 1970 *FI15.0

1970 *FI15,0 1980 PRINTTAB(4,31)*Press

(Space Bar) to continue; 1990 REPEAT UNTIL GET=32

2000 ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.



CODE SCROLLER is a short assembly language routine which provides a wrap-around screen in Mode 4 or 5.

The routine as presented scrolls the whole of the screen off to the left and brings it back to the starting position from the right.

This in itself may not appear too useful. But if line 580 (CPX #&20) is altered to read CPX# (any hex number between &01 and &20) then one can scroll as many lines as required, starting from the top of the screen.

For example:

580 CPX#408

will scroll just the top eight lines and leave the remainder of the screen intact.

However, before you start playing around with the program, save it in case a typing error has been made. Machine code is lethal if it has been mistyped.

If you need to scroll a part of the screen other than the top, all you do is calculate the new address where the scrolling is to start and after the program accordingly.

This start address depends on where you want the scroll to start and is given by the equation;

Start Location=&5800+ (Y*&140)

Here, V is the first line to be scrolled, the lines being numbered 0 to 31 from top to bottom.

Once the start location has been found, the three addresses contained in Illnes 110 to 180 must be changed in line with this new location.

Suppose you just want to scroll the bottom eight lines of the screen. These lines are

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Here's another first from Skywave Software. A Forth Eprom for the Acorn Electron which can Multi-task.It's called Multi-Forth

It's the same Forth that has already revolutionised the BBC. Micro and, since it follows not on the heels of the ZX81-Forth ROM and Spectrum Forth-I/O Cartridge, you can probably guess that David Husband is the genus behind it.

Multi-Forth 83 is a 16k Eprom type 27128 which sits sideways in the ROM area along with any other ROMs in use. It then allows a number of Forth programs to run simultaneously and transparently of each other, placing each task in a queue, up to a maximum of twenty-eight!

Multi-Forth 83 is also compatible with the MOS and specially vectored to enable a system to be reconfigured. It contains a Standard 6502 Assembler, a Standard Screen Editor and a unique

Stack Display Utility, too

At a later date a Cartridge version for the Acom 'Plus I' will be available, but for now Multi-Forth 83 is sold as a 'Bare' ROM which means an interface is needed for the Standard Acom Electron. This unique Eprom comes with an extensive Manual and, at E45 + VAT it is superb value. Order it using the coupon, adding E2.30-p&p (£5 for Europe, £10 outside) or, for more information, simply tick that box instead. Either way, you'll be one step ahead of the competition.

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83 FOR THE ACORN ELECTRON

numbered from 24 to 31, so the formula for giving the start address is:

Start Location=&5800+ (24*&140)

which is & 7600.

Now we've got the start address, we can make the necessary changes to lines 10 to 180.

First of all we put the start address into the accumulator by putting # &76 and then #800 after the LDA of lines 110 and 120. This gives:

> 110 LDA #876:STA 871 120 LDA #400:STA 470

Next, we have to give the Electron the address of the location eight bytes above the start address. To do this we just add eight to the start address

In this case, our start address is &7600, so adding eight to it gives us &7608. As

570\Check if all 32 lines

before, we split the number in two and pass it to the Electron in lines 140 and 150:

> 140 LDA #\$76:STA \$73 150 LDA #408:STA 472

Finally, we add & 138 to the start location - which gives us &7738 - and pass this address to the Electron via lines 170 and 180:

> 170 LDA #\$77:STA \$75 180 LDA \$438:STA 474

Having changed all the

addresses so that the routine affects only the bottom eight rows of the screen, we now inform the Electron that we want all eight of these rows to scroll with:

580 CPX #0B

Now all you have to do is run the program, press the space bar and there's your eight lines scralling left. Try changing the figure after the CPX and see what happens.

ross the screen and off to

Have fun.

the left

1REM *************	240LDA(%70),Y
**	250STA&80,Y
2REM +	2601NY
+	270CPY#40B
3REM * DERRICK GARNER	280BNE FIRST
	290LDY#100
4REM +	300.LBDP1
	310\Move LINE 0 eight byt
SREM ************************************	es to left
11	320LDA(&72),Y
6REM	330STA(\$70),Y
LO*KEY1 "MODE& MIN LISTIM	340 INY
	350\Check page boundary e
20FORI=OTO2STEP2	.9.4()0
30REM+++PROGRAM LOCATION	3609NELDGP1
**********	370\Increase contents of
40PX=4000	Loc 471 and 473 if page bou
SOREM++ALL NUMBERS ARE H	ndary crossed e.g.Y=0
EXADECIMAL**	3801NC&71
1190004	390INC#73
70\Logo counter to check	400.LDDP2
for sideways movement	410\Continue to mave LINE
BOLDA#800: STA&76	0 left
90. ADDRESS	420LDA(472),Y
100\Addr of first screen	430STA(470), Y
byte stored at zero page	440 LNY
110LDA#&58: STA&71	450\Check to see if last
120LDA#400:STA470	8 bytes of LINE 0 has been
130\Addr of eighth screen	soved left
byte stored at zero page	450CPY#\$38
140LDA##58:STA#73	470BNELOOP2
150L DA#408: STA472	4R0LDY#100
160\Addr of start of last	490, LAST
eight bytes of LINE O stor	500\Store contents of zer
ed at zero page	o page in last 8 bytes of L
170LDA0459:STA475	INE 0
180LDA#&38: STA&74	510LDA&80,Y
190\Loop counters	520STA(1/4),Y
200LDX#800	530INY
210LDY#400	540CPY#40B
220.FIRST	550BNELAST
230\Store contents of fir	560INX
Cantarnia Contraints Of Life	F701 Pl 1 2 7 11 70 16

st 8 bytes in zero page

of screen have been goved
left 8 bytes
580CPX#120
590BEQFINI
400. CHANGE
610\Increase all addresse
s to start of next line if
all 32 lines have not been
agved left
620CLC
630LDA&70
640ADC#440
650STA470
660LDA&71
670ADC#400
680STA&71
690CLC
700LDA&72
710ABC#%40
720STA&72
730LDA&73
740ADC#600
750STA&73
760CLC
770LDA474
780ADC#&40
790STA&74
800LDA&75
810ADC#401
B20STA&75
830\Reset loop counter
B40LDY#\$00
850\Go back to begining a
nd start moving next line a
cross screen
BAOJMP FIRST
B70.FINI
880\Increase column Loop
counter
890INC&76
900LDA&76
910\Check if column 39 ha
s been moved all the way ac

920CHP##28
930\If it has go to end o
froutine
940BER DONE
950\lf it hasn't go back
to the begining and start a
çain
950JMP ADDRESS
970.DONE
980\Back to Basic
PPORTS
10001
1010NEXT
1020REM###TEST PROGRAM####

1030MDDE5
1040VDU5
1050VDU23,1,0;0;0;0;0;
10606COL0,130
1070CLS
10806C0L0,1
1090MBVE640,1024 1100PL0T85,1279,0
11106CDL0.0
1120MQVE300.150
1130MOVE640.724
1140PLDT85.979.150
11508CQL0.2
1160MBVE500.300
1170PRINT"PRESS"
1180NOVE350, 200
1190PRINT"SPACE BAR"
1200REPEAT
1210*FX15,1
1220[\$=GET\$
12301F1\$=" "CALL&000
1240UNTILFALSE
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this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

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Micro Messages

RECENTLY I have bought a Plus One interface for my Electron, When I type *HELP I get the message:

Expansion 1.00 ADC/Printer/RS423 OS 1.00

I was rather confused at this message as my Plus One does not have an RS423 interface

Does this mean that Acorn will be updating the Plus One later? If so, will I be getting an upgrade? — Mark Stanley, Weymouth. Dorset.

PS. Keep up the good work on a terrific magazine that | get every month.

 The Plus One is a very interesting beast, not least because it purports to be something that it is not. Certainly Acorn have an RS423 up and running for the Plus One.

The rumour is that the guy who wrote the software was told that there would be an RS423 and allowed for it, while the guy who did the hardware was told that it wasn't going to be included.

The result, so the story goes, is the misguided mes-

Rumour also has it that the RS423 interface, which will slot into one of the Plus One's cartridge sockets, will be available before Christmas.

Missing commas

ITHINK you may have made a mistake in the First Byte joystick program that you printed in September's Micro Messages. Surely you've left out a couple of inverted commas in lines 25 and 2671 think they should read:

25 OSCLI("FX248,"+STR*(5 U MOD 256)+",0") 26 OSCLI("FX249,"+STR*(5 U DIV 256)+",0")

This should now work. -Kevin Wards, Glamorgan.

Quite right Kevin, we hang

Rumours surround the 'interesting beast'

our heads in shame. Happily we think most people will have floured it out.

Short, but effective

I WROTE this short program in my lessons last week and I find it quite effective:

10 REN CIRCLES

30 HODE 2

20 REM NEIL HAYWARD

40 VDU 23.1.0:0;0;0;0;
50 REPEAT
60 MOVE 900,500
70 FOR t=10 TO 360 STEP
0
80 x=400*E05(RAD(t))
90 y=400*SIN(RAD(t))
100 MOVE 900,500
110 PLOT B5,x+500,y+500
120 NEXT
130 GCOL 0,RND(16)
140 #FX,2

Neil Hayward (14),
 Windsor, Berks.

150 #FX10.2

140 UNTIL FALSE

 You're quite right Neil, it's very effective indeed, especially considering that it's all done in Basic.

BBC has the edge on speed

COULD you explain why programs I have typed from your sister publication, BBC Micro User, run significantly slower on my Electron than on the BBC itself.

I noted a similarly dramatic increase in speed when I ran Electron Golf (Electron User July 1984) on the BBC.

The differences are most

notable in the production of sound and animation. Is my machine faulty? - I. Reid, Market Harborough, Leics.

 The answer is that, owing to some cost-cutting arrangements of the Electron's memory chips, it takes twice as many goes to get information from its memory as the BBC Micro.

This means that in programs and modes that access a lot of memory the BBC has the edge.

You'll find that in some modes, such as Mode 6, this makes little appreciable difference, whereas in Mode 2 all the extra colours slow things down noticeably.

When programs go from the Electron to the BBC, the reverse applies. If you really want to see a fast game, try September's Haunted House on a BBC Micro.

Software for four year olds

COULD you help me with a query regarding the Electron which I recently bought for my four year old son.

I now find that I am having great difficulty buying software suitable for his age range.

My local W.H. Smith gave me an Acornsoft booklet listing games etc, but these do not cover pre-reading skills, number, counting, shape, size etc.

I now wonder whether I should have bought the Sinclair Spectrum as the range of software for the pre-school child is excellent.

I do hope you can help me.

— Mrs D.A. Davidson,
Liverpool.

 Actually Mrs Davidson, there's a great deal of educational software available for the Electron, as you'll see from the adverts and reviews in Electron User.

The problem is that after all the fanfare of last Christmas a lot of dealers stocked up with software. When the Electron supplies failed dismally to meet demand they were left with a lot of unsold stock and are now wary of buying more.

Happily the situation is changing rapidly and the advent of Christmas should help.

And if you can't wait, try a mail order dealer.

Filling in Mike Cook!

I WAS very interested in Mike Cook's Quick on the Draw program and like some of your

WHAT would you like to tear yours see in future issues of your Elect Electron User? and drop u

What tips have you picked up that could help other readers? Now's here is your

opportunity to share your experiences.

Remember that these

Remember that these are the pages that you write yourselves. So tear yourself away from your Electron keyboard and drop us a line.

The address is:

Micro Messages Electron User Europa House 68 Chester Road Hazel Grove Stockport SK7-5NY.

Micro Messages

From Page 61

other correspondents, wanted a filling procedure.

After hours of trying to understand the program and using bits and pieces out of it I came up with the following listing which will fit in with the line numbers as they are in Electron User:

335IF A\$="F" THEN PROC FI 2252PRINT 'F - To Fill a s hape previously drawn" 2254PRINT * anve the do t inside the shape." 2256PRINT * then press RETURN. 2310DEF PROC FILL 2320PRINT"FILL": 2330PROC BANDI 23406001.0.0 2350PL0T69.11.VI 2360GCOL3.C1 2370PROD FILL1(4) 2380YEZ=YEZ-2 2390MOVEXCX, YCX 2400PROC FILL (-4) 2410ENDPROC 2420BEF PROC FILLI (NX) 2430XCX=XX: YCZ=YX 2440REPEAT 2450PLDT77, XCX, YCZ 2460YCZ=YCZ+NZ 2470SZ=PDINT(XCZ, YCZ) 2480UNTILSZ=C1 OR YCZ>LOGO OR VEYZA 2490ENDPROC

Having a four year old son I also found that if line 1920 was replaced by the following four lines, it made life much easier:

1920 IF XX)1279 THEN XX=12
79:SOUND 1,-15,54.10
1922 IF XX<0 THEN XX=0:SOU
ND 1,-15,54.10
1924 IF YX)1000 THEN YX=10
00:SOUND 1,-15,62,10
1926 IF YX<0 THEN YX=0:SOU
ND 1,-15,48,10

John Richardson, Chester-le-Street, Co. Durham.

 Many thanks John, it's always interesting to hear from people who've improved our programs.

Electron on the air

AFTER reading about an incident reported in the July edition of Electron User by T. Skinner I felt I had to write to tell what I do on the subject.

He said that he picked up his Electron's sound coming through on his radio.

I also discovered this. I tuned in my radio in, turned up the volume and got great sound effects on my games.

The best frequency was about 94.5 VHF. - G. Tatton, St. Annes on Sea.

 We can't get it to work here but from the number of letters we've got, it's no rare occurrence. Let's bring this correspondence to a close

Instant BBC

DO you want to know how to turn your Electron into a BBC Micro? Type in the following and press Break.

10 *KEY10"(LIJ BBC COMPU TER:_!@ICBASIC(_!@(E>)J(U)_ IA(E"

Stephen Manser, Tonbridge, Kent.

 Many thanks for the tip Stephen. Any ideas of how to use software to get an RS423 and a User Port as well?

Gorilla scoreboard

AFTER seeing the record for Killer Gorilla was 116,800 it was doubtful that a score like that was possible but after receiving a copy of 'Killa' the Upgrade from Bit Twiddlers I began to believe it.

Although my highest score without it is only 52,200 I have been very successful with my scores.

My two highest scores are 333,600 and 347,000! I hope you believe these scores because they are not made up, I would highly recommend it to anyone as it has at least doubled my liking of Killer Gorilla. – Chris Jones (age 12), Cheadle Hulme, Cheshire.

It's amazing the number of letters we've had about high scores on Killer Gorilla. Certainly it seems to have captured the games player's imagination. Yours is by far the highest score so far. Incidentally, how are you all doing at Micro Olympics?

Mayday mishap

SOS. Surely there's something wrong with the Mayday program on Page 48 of the October issue of Electron User? I reckon lines 340 and 350 are missing but can't

work out what they should be. Am | right? - Tom Sharp, Cleethorpes.

 Curses! You are right. The program was fine when the page was faid out, the trouble is a bit of the listing dropped off.

Our apologies to all those frustrated embryo radio hams, we promise to use stickier glue in future. Here are the missing lines:

340 ENDPROC 350 DATA A. 52.0,522,6.2,

350 DATA A.25,B,5222,C.52 52.D,522,E,2,F,2252,5,552,H .2222,1,22,3,2555,K,525,L.2 522,M,55,W,52,0,555,P,2552, 9,5525,R,252,5,222,T,5,U,22 5,V,2225,W,255,X,5225,Y,525 5,2,5522,**,1

Just type these in, ignoring the unnumbered data, and the program will work. Honest!

AND A CYLON BASE STAR FROM BOOTS!

I THOUGHT you might be interested in the following program – it uses nested loops to draw a 3D diamond.

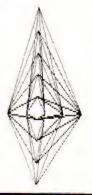
Afficionados of Battlester Galactica may also note the similarity to a Cylon Base Starl

Furthermore, by altering the range of numbers assigned to A and B, and by altering the size of the step, lots of

different effects can be achieved. - Les Wilson, Leighton Buzzard, Beds.

 Nice one Les, especially when I learn that you won't have an Electron until November and wrote it on one at your local Boots.







TOP QUALITY SOFTWARE FOR THE ACORN ELECTRON

ACORN ELECTRON







The best version available for the electron The bask viersion o'validate for the Euctron mice. Petro is trapped in an ice more which is populated by the deadly Snobees. His only hope of survival is to square them by hurling re-cubes at them. Unfortunately, whenever it seems that the has won, a deadler that that the has won, a deadler has been appears. Histories, markings, excellent



from the author of Percy Penguin, Mr. Wiz Is a from the author of Percy Pengoin, Mr. Mizels of fest action multi-renne goine. Guide Mr. Mills around the garden to each the chemies whilst avoiding the evil greative. The greatilist con-be felled by dropping apples on them or by theology the evil greative. The greatilist con-trolled the greatilist of the greatilist and the greatilist of the greatilist and makes them permiserely. Mirod Sound effects and turnes, historie, rankings. Superts oracle-style action. orcode-style action. NEUTRELETSE



CHESS — This play versically implementation of Chess. Play blook or white against the computer or of himson appoints. The said level of the computer's play can be varied underly, and makes are entered either by to confincted, custor control or joyatic facilities. Moves can be taken took if an error has been mode, and the board can be modified at any time. Gomes combe "sowed" or leaded to the ground on the said promotion to replay the computer unit, if requested suggest your moves.

NELL PRESIDES.



The rancibug descends from the top of the serious presented from the top of the series used in the middle of the middle of the cartillage between the middle of the cartillage before it reaches the bottom of the career. Features include species, making a skill levels, miscore, nothings, and increasing difficulty.



R novel and unusual program. Fireade-action If novel and unassign program, frecode-action unbit his secriting multi-stage shooting game. The objective of the game is to shoot the oriens out of the game is to shoot the oriens out of their boxes before the "boxes" fill up. Once fish the oliens fly down releastiestly exploding as they first ground. The game factures include 5 skill levels, ronkings, his-score, increasing difficulty.



The advenage gaine using hiresolution Null-colour graphics. You are stranded on a strange, planet. and your mission to return to clutiscaran and home. Many of the lecotors are shown graphically, including the spaceship, the cliffs. the minoritans, and if you spaceship, the cliffs. the minoritans, and if you was creedy your home. You must carefully explore: your environment search: hidden dues to help you in your quest. NEUTRELERSE



This program covers 166 countries which are This program covers Tool countries which are divided into 8 categories of difficulty. Con-country is pirpointed on an accordic hi-resolution screen map of the world, and the user is asked the capitational or population. He the end of the test, the percentage of cornect onscuers is gliven so that the student can monitor his geographical knowledge.

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